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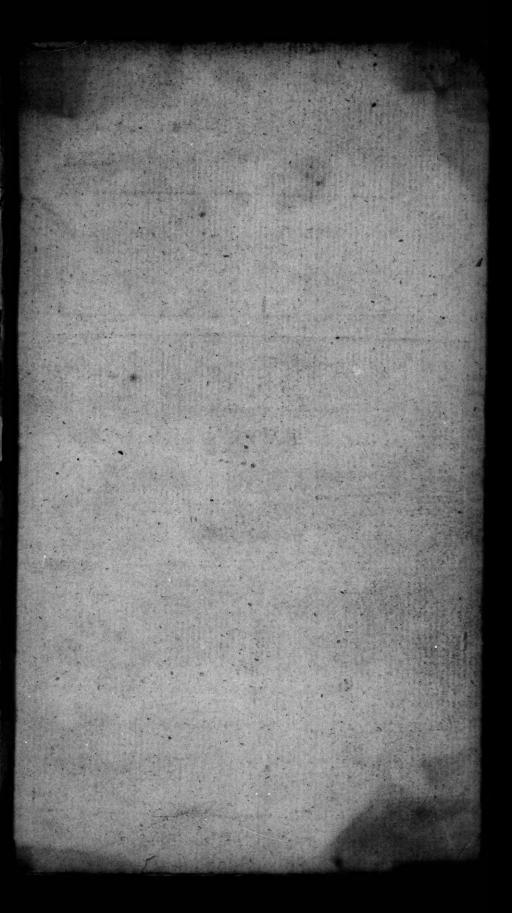
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#### YOUNG HOCUS,

OR

### The History of John Bull,

DURING THE YEARS 1783, 1784, 1785, 1786, 1787, 1788, 1789.

#### A NOVEL.

By Sir W \_\_\_\_ L \_\_\_ K-

C-md-n,

With Notes, CRITICAL and EXPLANATORY, by the following Persons:

DUKES. Gl--c-ft-r, D-rf-t, Gr-ft-n, L -- ds, . R-chm-nd, Ath-I. MARQUISSES. B-ck-ngh-m, L-ndfd-wn-. LORDS. Ch-st-rfi-ld, M-ra-ngt-n, W-ftm-r-l-nd, F. C-mpb-ll, Gr-fv-n-r, S-dn-y, Th-rl-w, H-wk-fb-ry, G-11-W-Y, . B-lgr-v-, M-lgr-v-,

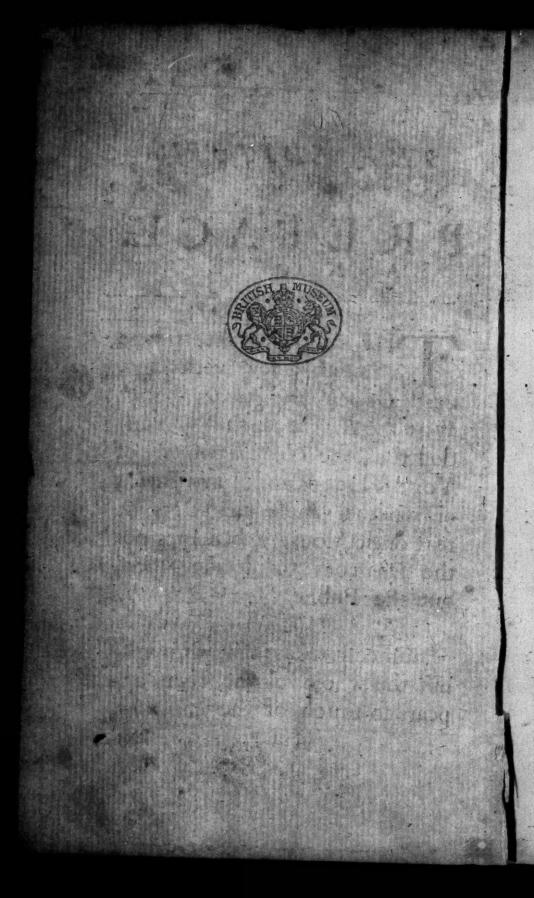
W-nch-lf--, H-.d. BISHOP. Dr. Pr-ttym-n. BARONETS. I. M-11-r, . M-wb-y, W. H-w-, P. Ard-n, G. P. T-rn-r. KNIGHTS. W. Ch-mb-rs, W. L.w-s, If--c H--rd-. Esquires. H. D-nd-s, W. Gr-nv. Il-, B. W-tf-n. 1. Sc-tt. . Ch-rch-ll, H. T-k-, R-11-,

J. R-b-nf-n, P. L- M-fur-r, J. B-rr-, H. B-f-y, G. R-f-, J. M'N-m-r-, 1. W-lk-9, G. P-tt, A. Add-ngt-n, I. P-tt, C. L-n-x, 1. D-rnf-rd, J. B-t-s. LADIES. S-1-16-ry, W-II-ce, Mrs. P--zz-, Mad. Schw-II-nb-rg Mrs. N-fb-tt. GENTLEMEN. Mr. C-p-1, cheefe-mong. Mr.P -- rf-n, door - keep. &c. &c. &c. &c.

VOLUME I.

LONDON.

PRENTED for J. BIED, No. 11, Poppin's-Court, Fleet-Stree



# THE EDITOR'S

# PREFACE.

CIRCULIFICE

HE following sheets were found, a few weeks ago, near Gray's inn garden wall. Who the Knight is, that is mentioned as the Historiographer of Young Hocus and John Bull, or whether these characters be real or sictitious, it becomes not the Editors to decide upon, but the Public.

Suffice it to fay, that, throughout the whole volume, there appears so much of the *ludicrous*, (a) and and seemingly of the Satirical, that there is little doubt of Young Hocus having a place in most PRIVATE LIBRARIES of the kingdom, besides pleasing the readers of CIRCULATING LIBRARIES, whom it is particularly calculated to entertain.

The EDITORS conclude, by affuring the Public, that they have faithfully kept to the M. S. without arrogating to themselves the power of altering a single word; and they are only extremely concerned, that the Historiographer's Dedication was found thus mutilated; whereas had it been perfect, it would probably have thrown a much greater light on the work itself. DEDICATION

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	(2015) 회사 전문
(3)(3)	

# DEDICATION,

(By Permission,)

TO

# MYSELF.

believe a fyllable uttered from he cope-

My adored Sir W—,

MINE eye in a fine frenzy rolling upon every great character, from Adam's creation \* to King Charles's

\* Counsellor Ad-m might have been created a L-rd, by this time, if he had deserted, like me, his maister, Loard Noarth. What signifies all his sound abseletees? W-ll-m is certainly an able speaker, but then he will never speak to the purpose, if he boos to any thing but prower. By G— I am determined never to (a 2)

Charles's restoration, and from thence to William's revolution, down to the late change in the French constitution, nay, even unto the last artillery evolution, I can perceive no one man fo completely great as myself.

It is true, that Cato as well as Cain, were great men, but did they know any thing of artillery? + Though Nero burnt

believe a fyllable uttered from the oppofition bench, if even Bully P-tt himsell sat thère.

H. D-ND-S. E. cyc is a fine frenzy roll-

4 I cannot help making here a note upon my own text, in wishing to die the glorious death of Kinnon, the cannonier, a bold Welchman, who, in the year 1615, so overheated himself, by dreffing a dinner for the Prince of Wales, in the artillery ground, that what between dreffing, drinking, and eating, he dropped down dead; and thus gloriously fell, as every citizen should do, in the service of his Prince, with a full ran of the first of the bring of an about belly! W. L

stolles

burnt Rome, was he not entirely ignorant of bomb-shells? From the time of Calisthenes to Alcibiades, did ever any Grecian of them all know how to throw any other shells than PURFLEET oyster-shells at the ostracism? Did ever Mark Anthony fire a musket, or Julius Cæsar a cannon? Did Pontius Pilate ever prime a pistol, or Cociolanus a carronade? Admiral Scipio might have thrown a stinkpot, but did he ever throw a chain-shot?

Dr. Add-ngt-n, as well as my old acquaintances, Drs. Rock, Kulick, Henry, and Leake, indeed, were but of one opinion respecting the certainty of the Greeks and Romans being acquainted with fire-ships; nay, in this opinion they are supported by the worthy Bishop of L—n, who tells me that not only these profane ancients knew the use of fire-ships long before the destruction of the Spanish Armada, but that his late most facted anti
(a 3) christian

christian majesty, David king of IIrael, laments, in one of his excellent poems, that he had been very much burnt in the midships, by the fireships of his own nation, though they knew nothing of artillery.

Mr. Alderman Solon was as great a man in Athens, as Mr. Alderman Skinner is in London. Solon, it must be admitted, was a very rich trader; though I do not know what Company he belonged to. In Athens he had his compting-houses, and his cranes, his desks, and his drays, as well as Whitbread the brewer; but then, alas! poor gentleman, although he underflood how to make city improvements much better, I believe, than Pickett, yet he, nor no one ancient whatever, knew any other mortar than a battering ram, which was a fort of Welch goat, Lam told profine line I tage

Then as none of them knew a trigger from a touch-hole, or a match

from a matross, why the D—1 should I, in candour, allow any of them to have been equal to myself, in point of merit.

Nay, do any of the modern aldermen know half as much as myself about the use of the mortar, excepting alderman B-rn-ll, indeed; but even bis mortar, is it not of a very different mould from mine? Or do the modern aldermen know any thing about city affairs, half as well as myfelf? Can any of them tell me where the lime-kiln now lies, from which the ward of Lime-street derived its name? Do any of them know, unless W-lk-s, that there was at one time eleven thousand virgins in this very ward, at St. Mary-axe-church? I am fure this shews that London was more populous of old than now; for may I never swallow a bit of toasted cheese more, if I believe that there are one thousand virgins in all the braw we know our trade now much better!

I. D-NF-D.

ward at present, who are arrived at the years of discretion!

But, to continue my city knowledge, I say, that Henry III. made perry from his orchard on Tower-hill, though B---f-y ‡ swears that it was only vinegar. I say, that the great Earl of Warwick ordered six oxen for his breakfast every day, at his house in Warwick-lane, now Doctor's-hall, though deputy Thorp, who is since gone home, would never swallow it.

I agree in opinion with B---f-y, in thinking it only vinegar, as none but crab-apples, I am informed, grew there. In those days, I cannot help remaking, that the wine-merchants knew the art of mixing but very badly; at least in Hen. VI. time, a religious man, like myself, the Lombards so bunglingly corrupted their sweet wines, that the Lord Mayor commanded all the butts to be opened, and set running in the streets. His name was Rainwell, surnamed, no doubt, from his Lordship's making the kennels how with wine. But, blessed be Jehovah lireh, we know our trade now much better! G—d be praised!

J. D-NF-D.

Do Sam. Birch, Cock-a-doodle Butler, or any others of the cooks company, know that Wolfey's maftercook wore always a gold chain about his neck, and was dreffed in fattin and velvet? Does P-pp-r Ard-n know that the borough church of St. George should belong to him, as his ancestor, T-m Ard-n, gave it foolishly away to the Bermondley monks? Does Sir Richard H-ll know. that all the old stones in Moorfields ought to be his property, as his ancestor, the taylor, Sir R-wl-nd Hill, who was Lord Mayor in 1550, expended great fums in paving the Areets? Does W-ll-m P-ltn-y know, that he has a college of his own, neither in Oxford nor in Aberdeen, but in Candlewick-ward, as his ancestor, by the wife's side, Sir John Poultney, built one there? Does 7-ck W-lk-s know, that the orphan chest was touched for 2000 marks about 700 years ago, by one Bamme, a goldsinith, when he was Lord Mayor?

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D.

Mayor? Does E—l F-tzw-ll--m know, that his ancestor, Sir William Fitzwilliam, was alderman of Breadstreet ward, and signally rewarded by Harry VIII. for his hospitality to his old master, Cardinal Wolfey? § As Lingo says in the tragedy, nobody

The Earl's family have been always noted for their liberality, and his Lordship certainly keeps up the generous firm of his noble house. It is very true, that William Fitzwilliam, the founder of this family, was alderman of Breadstreet ward, in the year 1506. Before his death, he forgave all his debtors, and wrote upon the erased account of each, Amore Dei remitto! Cardinal Wolfey was undoubtedly the chief means of the worthy alderman acquiring his fortune. After the fall of that great man, Mr. Fitzwilliam very hospitably entertained him at his feat, at M.lt n in N-rth-mpt-nsh-r-, where the prefent E-1 refides. Henry VIII, was fo enraged at this, that he fent for him, and faid, " Ha, ha!—how comes it, ha!—that you dare entertain a traito, -ha?" Mr. F-tzw-ll--m modestly answered, " Please your Highness, I did it not from difloyalty, but from gratitude." The angry Monarch here interrupted him by "Ha, ha!" the usual interjections of his rage; Mr. F-tzw-ll--am, with the tear of gratitude in

fu

nobody knows any thing but myfelf. The state of the same of the

Does Weltjie, with all his tafte and skill in entertaining Princes, know that he never had such gue is under his accomplished master's roof, as those whom Picard of the vintner's company entertained in his own house in the city. Does he know that Picard sumptuously dined four Kings at one time, Edward III. John, the French King, David the Scottish King, and the King of Cyprus, besides the Black Prince,

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in his eye, and the burst of loyalty in his bosom, continued, "From gratitude! as he was my old master, and the means of my greatest fortunes!" Impetuous Harry was so pleased with the answer, that he took him heartily by the hand, and said, "Such gratitude, ha! shall never want a master.—Come into my service, worthy man, and teach my other servants to be grateful, for but sew of them have any." He then knighted him on the spot, and swore him in as a Privy Counsellor.

Prince. | There was old city quaffing and guttling!—It was then some comfort to be between two fires, and chased in your toast, when in these days French wines were only sourpence per gallon, and old hock but fix-pence! But to proceed.

Does Major Sc-tt know that the founder of that very ancient college, of which he is M. A. was King Belin, whose ashes were placed in a vessel of brass over the gate? which Br-ss Cr-sbi-conjectures is the cause of the brazen-faced dialogue ever since used at Billinsgate. Does alderman Skinner

Without any disparagement to the memory of the Black Prince, who certainly lived at the Black Bell in Grooked Lane, the present Pr-nc- of W-l-s soars beyond the other in every accomplishment. If Weltjie never entertained four Kings, has he not entertained four great Princes? The liberal minded Orl—ns! The young Mars, Y-rk-! The Neptune of England, Cl-r-nc-! And the future Alfred of Britain, the polished and acute Pr-nc- of W-l-s!

Skinn-r know that his ancestor, Tom Skinner, was L-rd Mayor of London, in 1596, and, like the present Tom, liberal and patriotic, though I feel no interest in admiring his politics?

Does any one but L-rd M—ntm—s and myself know, that, previous to the building of London Bridge, Battersea was called Patricksea, from St. Patrick being at sea there, floating, not upon a real rock, but on a shamrock, as his Lordship suggests; which happened before Canute, the Dane, turned the course of the Thames, by cutting a canal from Redriff to Patricksea? Does Big Ben know, that Constantine the Great, who was for strong as to carry the whole Roman Empire on his bead and shoulders, from Rome, to lay it in Constantinople, was born in London, in Great Carter-lane, and belonged the Paviour's company? Does Lord El-t, P-tt's brother-in-law, know, that his fore father, Kit El-t, the goldsmith, was warden of Londonbridge,

#### [ xix ]

VII, time to accord to be I saw as mide

Who but myself and records remember, when Hen. I. kept lions
in Woodstock-park, and Hen. II.
his love, Rosamond, in Woodstockbower; and in town, near Paul'swharf, in his camera Diana, near
Doctor's-commons.—No bad spot for
a concubine, surely,—to be concealed in the enemy's camp?

May I be thrice buried in Vintrieward, like Dick Whittington, who
was made four times Lord Mayor, by
his cat! May I be obliged to skulk
up the Thames, for fear of my life,
from the apostle St. Thomas, as John
of Gaunt and Henry Percy \* once did,
from

<sup>\*</sup> John of Gaunt and Henry Percy, about the year 1377, fell under the displeasure of the London mob. They were eating oysters with John of Ipres, who lived near St. Thomas Apostle's, in vintrie ward, when word was brought that the

from the Savoy mob, and never turned tail, till they came to Kennington palace, near where the rebels. in 1746, were hanged! May I be as timid of loing the minister's favour, as Richard Cour de Lion was, at his coronation, fearful of the inchantment of women and jews, whom, on that day, he forbade to appear at it, if in the following pages, containing the memoirs of Young Hocus, and part of the fecret History of John Bull, I do not believe every tittle of it,

Nor that I wrote it, because I was appointed

the mob were fearthing for them to put them to death. John of Gunnt broke his thins in leaping over a form; and both he and Percy escaped by There was no cowardice in Gaunt or Perty escaping from an enraged banditti. The Percies were always noted for their valour and magnanimity; and that illustrious house never had a better representative than the present D-k-, for bravery, for charity, and every other public and private virtue.

GR. Chart. L. C. . Tex

administrate distribution of his his

appointed Historiographer extraordinary to John, or that I wrote it at all.

Here the Editors are forry to miss feveral pages, and the rest is so mangled, that it is, in some parts, bardly intelligible.

——From what I have already faid, first of the Grecians, then of the Trinobantians, and lastly of the Romans, it is plain, that no man, woman, or child, being so vastly profound as myself, I ought to dedicate this choice portion of John Bull's to no one but

+ Dr. John Bull lectured on masse, at Gresbam-

J-H B-T-S.

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bue wewen la

#### [ wii ]

Pope P-tt is not entirely a Pope Joan.

fo fays Sir Wm. D-lb-n; and moreover adds, that when Hen. II. regulated the bagnios by an act, he ordained, among other excellent regulations,

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† Sir J—n A-br-y behaved with much spirit to the m-nister; and, though I have often supported Mr. P-tt, yet I have always done it as an independent gentleman, who wants no favour from any m-n-st-r on earth. I opposed P-tt in the R-g-ncy business, and thought that an amiable Pr-nc- was most cruelly treated by the m-n-st-r, who seems totally to forget himself, and to desert those principles which promoted his popularity. Sir J-hn A-br-y's re-election, I hope, is certain; at any rate, he shall have my vote and interest in Bucks, as I feel for every gentleman that, like him, may be persecuted by any m-n-st-r, for following the dictates of his conscience.

GR-G-Y P-G- T-RN-R.

#### [xviii ]

tions, "That no stew-holder (i. te bagnio-keeper, like Sterling, Weston Kelly, crooky Johnston, &c.) should take more for the woman's chamber than fourteen pence in the week."differ from Sir W-- fourteen pence a week is by far too little now a-d--other W-ft-n would spit in one's face to offer so small It would not pay her son for waiting at supper -a decent B-d-street shoe-maker, Henry adds, in this act, made the 8th of his reign, "That no flew-holder receive a woman of religion, or any man's wife!"-D.lb.n fees the improbability of the religious coming now to fuch a place of worship; but adds, that in these finful days, it is impossible to prevent the latter; as-

enacted, "That no fingle woman take money to lie with any man, except she

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The lie with him all night, until the morrow." If this clause were to be in Sir W's new bill, it would certainly be a great faving to the merchants about Change, as at Change hours a great deal is transacted of this nature, the fruit-hops, the foup-shops, thecan witness that the on synd Palmer's plan, indeed, by hurrying the merchants to answer their letters before five, has hurt the day business much; but there is enough they were 4thly, Hen. II. enacted, That-Mr. P-tt's § epitaph, he being a grocer, should be que loyalty to a most benevolent S-ver-gn

Though my name be Pitt, I detail the name, and I believe there is scarcely an honest man of the name, but myself. As to my father, L—d R-v-s, what can be expect in the other world, after he has extirpated the very church-yard of of Str-t/-r— in Hants, and paved his wine and beer-cellars with the grave-stones! Has he not depopulated the village of H-ckfi-ld, like William

Weep not for him,
Since he is gone before
To Heav n, where grocers
There are many more.

I have no doubt, but that there are feveral grocers there, as I can bring proofs——though their motto be, "God grant Grace," this does not imply, that they are debarred from the fweets of——P-tt wants no Grace, unless his Grace of N-wc-stl-to flip off——the Auditor, a finug

of Normandy, to enlarge his park, and driven the industrious tenants to the work-house? His extreme loyalty to a most benevolent S-v-r-gn is well known; but has he not permitted his distilling friend, L-F-vr-, to pull down, lately, a may-pole at H-chsi-ld, sixty or seventy feet high, formerly raised by the now wretched inhabitants, on the very day that his present M-j-sty was crowned, as a zealous test of their loyalty to a worthy Pr-ne? By G--- it is a sharpe!

and it was the first Hacon iv a G. P-TC.

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-red ribbons. As to stargazing, I never gazed with attention at any star, but that of a Knight of the Bath's, as a military man; and, though I know not any thing of Tycho Brahe, yet I well know, that Henry Brahe was a judge in the Tower of London, in Hen. III. reign.

to not immediately galley off to As to antiquities, the only two things which I have that are curious, are, a phial of the very laudanum, which Roger Mortimer gave to the Tower gaolers that effected his escape; and a remnant of the identical sheets by which Griffith, Prince of Wales, flipped from the Tower, and broke his neck. When W-lk-s was in the Bench, I offered him a loan of these for the same purpose; but he begged to be ex
Geoffrey of

Monmouth fays, resit was for time chieffed;) dutil o go at performe hadron of the standard of

Trend the organical extension make the second second to the second secon

that we doe to Reck nghen, and feat for him from

that M-n, the melfenger, may be properly compared to Mrs. Masham, in the reign of Queen Anne. Did not Mrs. Masham, a fimple woman, overturn the politics of Europe? And did not M-n, a simple man, the very moment when the M.rq--fs of R-ck-ngh-m expired at Wimbledon, by galloping away to town, and informing L-rd Sh-n, did he not immediately gallop off to W-ndf-r, and nail the Pr-m-rih-p? By this means did not M-nn overturn the whig interest? Mr. P-tt is more obliged to this messenger of fate, for his present situation, than he is aware of Forhad not M-nn outrun every aside which Griffith, Prince of Wales, ioped from the Tower, and broke

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The m-n-st-r is, indeed, indebted to M-n for his elevation.—I remember the circumstance.

My b-d Sh-lb-rn- prevailed upon the M-r-q-s to allow M-nn, his confidential messenger, to be the confidential messenger of both. The death was agreed to be kept secret by the party, (as it was for some time expected;) until a great personage had appointed the D-k- of P-rtl-nd as successor to R-ck-ngh-m, and sent for him from Ireland.

man in divulging the death, there would have been such a strong arrangement of the popular whigs, that

thing as——an Epistle from——

Lord R. F-tzg-r-ld,
To L-D H-Y SP-NC-R.

My dear Lord H. as you're now plenipo, You'll beat L-rd M-lm-sb'ry, if you cut a show.

To me, I own, it is a plaguy curse,
T'have none but numskull nunky \* for a nurse;
Yet

Ireland. But M-nn's vigilance getting the start of all their policy, my L—d snugly leapt into the saddle. I have not heard whether my L—d rewarded him, or not, but I believe Tommy, L—d S-dn-y, has done something for him. Poor M-nn got into a scrape, on the account of Gov. W-ll's escape from Reading, whom he had in custody. But surely his early intelligence respecting the M-rq-s's escape from this world, was a salve for that.

18. B-R--.

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\* If L—d R-b-rt F tzg-r-ld were to confult his clear-headed claffical father-in-law, Mr. Og-lv-, instead of the D-k- his uncle, it would tend much more to his improvement as a politician. I am forry, however, that the D-k- is likely to be troubled, by a fellow of the name of Oldsi-d, respecting some election transactions at the town of S--f-rd. I thought his Gr-c- had always been more wary.

B-CK-NGH-M.

#### [ xxiv ]

Yet you such science from your wet nurse suck, Your frock and petticoats with ease you tuck, No boy, I've heard, L-rd H-y e'er excells, In handling neat the rattle and the belis; But when you cross to Holland the rough seas; Be nine times breech'd from navel to your knees ; As you can read, and, as I'm told, can write, Of your diploma pray don't make a kite!-Be breech'd, employ no mantua-maker now, And let your tutor be a good milch cow! t

-If the minister trembles at the approach of the GENERAL ELEC-TION, he furely will--if I am returned, be-My dear Sir W. Your felf-admirer, and 1001 and 101 gran Self-patron, 1-10-2 5-M-on g. Linto, Westing, on the account of Cor.

f It is certainly very impolitic in fending boys upon embassies. If the m-n-st-r, instead of fending A-ckl-nd and L-d H-r -, could have prevailed with L-rd H-r-'s uncle, L-d R-b-ri, to have been ambassador at the H-g--, as he is skilful as a politician, and well versed in the knowledge of European politics, our country might reap some benefit from it. As to A-ckl-nd, his abilities are really much overrated. - a-10 sin inguedt L .br.3-

men Resident, whom he had in

MAHOM MO

72

#### YOUNG HOCUS;

OR, THE

### HISTORY OF JOHN BULL.

#### CHAP. I.

The Occasion of the Quarrel.

\* This is a skit on the diffolution of the auld paurleemint, which is by no means just; but by Heevens it did dee an untimely death, as aw the warld weel kens; for had Leard SHELBURNE murdered it as I tauld him to do, he wad hae bin IN yit, and Baully Putt not the meenistur, but only the chacker chauncellor.

H. D-ND-5.

flairs, § and a young cunning lawyer, got him to prevail with his fleward ‡ to give the management of his estate to the latter, to the great disappointment of his oppponent farmer Blunt; \* fome

§ This is a very improper epithet for the M-rq--s of B-ck-ngh-m, my brother, who I know went into Buckingham house by the lobby, and through the common passage, up the great stair-case, on a very dark night, after the Pimlico gate was shut, and would have broken his sace and his shins too, if he had not been savoured by Mr. J-nk-ns-n with a dark lanthorn made from a model of John the painter's.

W. GR-NV-LL-.

† It is clear to my vast comprehension, that this means a great personage, whom Heaven long preserve, as he has made me master of the mist.

CH-ST-RF--LD.

\* By Blunt the satirical author undoubtedly means Mr. Fox. It is my private opinion that he is a man of strict integrity and unequalled ability; but because he always insists on having a will of his oun, when in place, he is obnoxious to the private junto, who certainly take every step in their power to wound his reputation in the ear of Majesty. As a proof that I admire Mr. Fox's patriotism

fome stick not to say, that Mr. Backstairs and the lawyer forged a story
about Blunt's intending to destroy all
John Bull's sheep-skins and his beeswax, § for which they were well paid
out of John's purse; but let that be
as it will, it is matter of fact that the

B 2 management

triotism and talents, I am determined to support him, whenever he comes into place; and upon my word of honor, as I shall never desert Mr. Pitt, while he holds the reins of government, it must be apparent to every one that I am no partyman.

#### F. C-MPB-L.

The state of

§ I canna deny but the story we trumped up about Fox's destroying the charters of aw corporative bodies, was a daumned lee to humbug my ain country-men as weel as the English jack-puddings, against Fox and my auld maister, loard North, who first employed me when my purse was empty as my gutts, and when his loardship gave me chickens to eat instead of crowdy, and burgundy to drink instead of toppunny.\*

H. D-ND-S.

\* This is a Scotch beverage, two English quarts of which were fold for two pence Scots, which is the fixth art of a penny English.

IL-Y. C-MPB-LL.

management of the estate has continued ever fince in the person of the young cunning counsellor, Hocus, who outwitted even his own relation ‡ Backstairs, as well as the farmer.

\* I was certainly jockied by my coufin P-tt out of the premiership, after I had paved the way by doing all the dirty work. It is true he made me a M-rq--fs, and re-crowned me in Ireland; but I shall never be satisfied, until I am either made a D-ke, or that in return I jockey him. California in 18 303

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B-K-G-M.

CHAP.

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## To they not buy large for former of the contract of the C H A P.

Some Account of John Bull's late Wife, and her Argument.

o turde, when it is known the

Bull was a woman of a very changeable temper; for some time she was for murdering all John's tenants who resided on the other side of his herring-pond, \* because they would not quietly submit to be rack-rented by Mrs. Bull and her steward at pleasure; as for John he was, in this bussiness, very much hood-winked and cajoled by both.

Mrs. Bull one day faid to him, "For shame husband, how can you have any bowels for those tenants of yours in the West, who live at no expence, and pay you a mere trisle of rent?

B 3

Do

<sup>\*</sup> And so she might have done with ease, had not a certain person been more sond of evading than of closing and conquering.

W. H—WE

Do they not buy large fat fowls for a penny a-piece, finer than those of Dorking? Do they not gormandize upon turkey for two pence each, larger than those of Norfolk? + And as to turtle, when it is known they get them for nothing, I am fure the city of London, itself, would yield up its charter for fuch a luxurious privilege only:-Then as to beeef and mutton, is it not as plenty there as frogs in the fens? Is not their corn too as wild and as common as the nettles in our ditches? And as for beer, is not the spruce-tree their entire butt, which they can tap in every hedge? And have

t When I used to bleed king, corps, and country, on the marauding scheme, I had turkeys for one shilling per dozen, sowl for one farthing a-piece, and every necessary of life in proportion. Because I cleared a thousand per cent. by my suttling, and was prudent enough to hoard up a great many thousands, I am, thanks be to my seat in parliament, rewarded for my great care of my own fortune, with a pension of 500l. as a trisling addition to it.

B. W-TS-N.

have they not cyder and perry for the trouble of making? Rack them, rack them, John; confent to your steward raifing their rents, which they can well bear, and it will enable you to pay your debts, befides keeping a greater number of fervants, and deeking us both in lace and embroidery."

and inappeed the state of the state who

is himself its point upon by his county-. runt checks; I far a committee the fable

of the free with the wider edge. My

gently softeniore in things are though they get turkeys for the penge and rurde for nothing? What is

gamaters of become triing an increased the multiprocess? and it quarters of court after a court a court after a court a co

no authors which come are sound gantly and the Adopt A language of the second of the Okao was short, too Makeapple Maderia, the St. Lawrence redgrowt with ortho there there may

changing and burgapage that the skinner's В 4

CHAP.

# CHAP. III.

have they not cylick and parry for the

of nov old John's Answer. and Hear

TOU talk like a downright credulous, vain, avaricious, unthinking woman; you are imposed upon by the steward, who is himself imposed upon by his cormorant clerks; I fay, remember the fable of the hen with the golden eggs. My tenants in the West are not so rich as you would lead me to imagine. What, though they get turkeys for two pence and turtle for nothing? What if gammons of bacon sprung up there like mushrooms? and if quarters of mutton and firloins of beef always hung upon their trees like acorns on the oak in August? Supposing besides that the Ohio was claret, the Miffiffippi Madeira, the St. Lawrence redport, and every other river there, champagne and burgundy; that every gully-AH

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gully-hole was filled with carp ready stewed in claret, and that in every pond, lake, or rivulet they could take turtle as we can tadpoles, and that those were found as well dressed as at the London tavern, § or at D'Aubigny's, still I fay it would be wrong to raife their rents, and particularly in the manner you two want them raised. The maxim of John Bull is, live and let live. If my tenants in the West eat and drink well, who enables me and mine in the East to live sumptuoully so much as they do? If their eatables grow as grass, and their drinkables flow as water, pray, Mrs. Bull, in what valleys do their Irish linens est made and some answers who is grow?

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§ D'Aubigny certainly dresses turtle better than any foreigner, and equal to any Englishman. I constantly frequented the house before I was set on by my uncle and Bill to turn the D-ke's sidecurl, and I cannot help owning that it is the best tavern in the street, though I dare not now go there.

and the survey position to it.

The short of the state of the s

C. L-X.

grow? ‡ Have they any fields of English broad-cloths? are the knives and forks of Sheffield the thorns which are found upon their furze-bushes? Do you think their holly and hawthorn hedges are only Birmingham bayonets and muskets? Mrs. Pert hold your tongue, I furnish them with these, and a thousand other articles, for which, to tell you a secret, they pay through the nose; \* I am sure that for every ten per cent. profit they have from me they in return give me twenty, || therefore

† I do not know if the Irish linens grow in any of the valleys in America, but sure I am that there are many fields of them growing about Newry and Belfast, as the weavers who cut them down well know.

M-RN-GT-N.

\* When the parliament first endeavoured to make the Americans pay through the nose, I was abusing Mr. H-st-ngs in the East, for forcing the Indians to pay through the nose.

T. SC\_\_\_\_T.

|| Cent. per cent. is nothing to us apothecaries, nor to us chemists, as I told G-rge R-se one day in

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fore I fay to rack-rent them more would be following the fable of the hen and the golden eggs, § and d—n me if I do it knowingly. As for my debts, let them be rubbed off by your own frugality, and by my steward's not going to law with the stewards of the neighbouring estates. You infinuate that my Western extortions would enable me to keep more servants. John Bull, madam Gossip, has too many servants already by half; for do not the one half take all the labour, and the other half take all the pay? Respecting those laces and embroidery you fay we would acquire by the rack-rent, know that John has lace

in my carriage, who is in consequence going to excise us all; so that neither R-se nor P-tt, them-selves will be able, hereaster, to take one dose of arsenick, to ease their consciences, if they please, without first having a permit.

J. CH-RCH-L.

§ By G I wish the childish old hen would die soon, that I might touch her golden eggs.

W—STM——L—D,

lace enough, while he has one laced hat remaining to cudgel for at a revel. And as to embroidery, I know no use you have for it; strip off the tinsel of your tongue, Mrs. Chatterbox, and do not pull it out by the hundred yards, one after another, like a ribbon-conjurer, swearing that your glittering tin foil, from Cornwall, § is the real

† The arch rogue of an author cannot furely point at me, by Mrs. Chatterbox, though I have shewn, indeed lately, a great deal of tinsel upon my tongue at the yellow club. I perceive now that he satirizes Pitt only,—aye, aye, it is him he wounds.

Wirg. Æn. XII.

A hit! a hit! a palpable hit! SHAKES.

J. H-NE T-KE.

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§ The gentlemen of the opposition have made very free with my name, because the boldness of my eloquence has been a great thorn

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CHAP.

thorn in their fide. I am member for D-v-n th-r-, and not for Cornwall! how the Devil Major S-could have the impudence to fay, that it was I whom the lampooner meant by the tinsel of my Cornish tongue, I cannot conceive. It is clear to me, that it is levelled at Mr. P whose eloquence, I must acknowledge, is the opposite to that of Pericles, being circumlocutary in language and concife in idea, which prevents the imagination from wandering, to be loft or misled amidst the wood and water of fanciful reasoning, or the wide forest of extended and diversissed argument. His oratory, excellent young man, is capacious, open, clear, unincumbered, and level as Salisbury plain; instead of the luxuriant parterre, his fancy loves to roam amidit the fimply verdant, fhort, flinty pasturage of the innocent lamb, where, if he crops a flower, it is only that of the naked heath: unless, indeed, when he means to be fevere; then, while his imagination strews around his friends the fragrant blossoms of the furze, he never fails to lash his opponents most keenly with its thorns. His fancy scorns to wound with the bold bolly of Fox, with the rich flowery moss-rose of Burke, or with the odorous sweet-briar of Sheridan. Our Heaven-born minister lashes man only with the furze, the thiftle, and the nettle of eloquence, while he chews its famphire, its forrel, and its wormwood, to keep up the acidity of his tongue. J. R \_\_ E.

### CHAP. IV.

John's Breeches.

N this manner did John argue with his former wife, but for many years it was all to no purpose. Like a true woman, she would have her own way. Sometimes, when he would expostulate with her for persisting in rack-renting those tenants without allowing them to appear in her presence, that they might speak in their own behalf: she would tell him to look at the old pair of breeches he had on, which were all worn out between the legs, in running after other men's stewards, \* pretending to settle their differences by arbitration, but more generally by law.

CHAP.

My breeches have been often worn out by running after other mens wives.

G-V-R.

### CHAP. V.

The serious Argument between John Bull and his Wife about the old Pair of Breeches, and what was contained therein.

Mrs. Bull. OOK at those, John, which can scarcely hide your natural parts, \* are they not almost in tatters, by slying here and there, in adjusting quarrels among those who laugh at your officiousness, C 2 and

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S-L-B-Y.

and make you pay for your folly, by fishing in their troubled waters? You may well hide your right breechespocket. Does it not run out at both ends, John? Pray who cut that large hole in the bottom of it, that I have been darning, but one of your former wives whom you was madly in love with, until her death prevented your ruin? That swell, husband, in your left pocket, will not pass upon me for the real ready rhino. What is it, noodle, you have substituted there for your gold but rags?

John Bull. Rags!

Mrs. Bull. Yes, rags! for is it not paper? Then pray what is your Mexico and Peru now, John, but a ragmill? And, as to your credit, it is only supported by shifts.

John Bull. Peace! shifts!

Mrs. Bull. I say, shifts! Perhaps the very shifts of your former wives

are now folded up piece-meal in that pocket, as the only current coin you can raise. The water-mark which may be around them is the proof of your poverty, and the black stains they contain an indication of your folly and disgrace. Instead of having gold and silver, that command all mankind, what have you now but paper?

John Bull. And let me tell you, madam minx, that paper is more valuable now-a-days than gold, stronger than steel, and more destructive than ball. These rags, as you call them, were they exchanged for gold, would purchase some of the best estates in the universe. Does not paper bind the strongest powers? And I am certain that every unfortunate client will inform you, that all the artillery of war cannot do a thousandth part of the mischief, which these rags you ridicule do every day; therefore, I say, recommend me to paper, that com-mands gold and every thing else. Hold your peace, and league not with the

the steward and his clerks against my tenants.

Mrs. Bull. Say what you will, huf-band, paper will be your ruin. You will be driven to rags by those very rags you so much value, unless I save you, by sewing up the hole in your pocket, and filling it with the gold of your Western tenants.

### CHAP. VI.

Of John's Perseverance, and the late Mrs. Bull's Illness.

O particularize the dispute between John and his late wife, about the tenants, would fill volumes: besides, as it is all over now, and John's golden-egg proverb realized, it fuffices to mention, that after a long and unfuccessful struggle between Mrs. Bull and the tenants, for the would still have her own way, John not only infifted that she should give over the attempt to rack-rent them, but that they all should enjoy their farms as free of him as he did his own estate. This came like a thunderbolt upon Mrs. Bull; and John's determined perseverance threw her into a confumption. With the utmost reluctance she gave up the point; and the afterwards grew to dangeroufly ill,

ill, that the steward, by John's desire, was obliged to call in the affistance of Dr. Rectitude, \* whose prescriptions foon brought her about again: but the Dr's. death unfortunately happening, she was left in a very disagreeable flate.

\* Rectitude, I perceive, must certainly be the late Marquis of R-K-G-M, who had some abilities. I own, but was more indebted for his elevation to a concurrent chain of circumstances. fuch as fortune, good-nature, and liberality, than to his talents. He, by no means, acquired the premiership by such worthy and deserving means as I did.

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## CHAP. VII.

### Of Mr. Trusty.

DURING the violent wrangle between Mrs. Bull and John's tenants over the herring-pond, the steward had employed, as his deputy, one Mr. Trusty, § who was liked by most of them throughout the estate. He was a pleasant sort of a fat man, whose only fault was said to be a too great obsequiousness to the will of the steward; not that Trusty obeyed implicitly his superior, from an interested motive, disregardless otherwise of right and wrong; or that he had

<sup>§</sup> Trusty is undoubtedly a very good name for my L—d N-rth, who found me sick in purse, when he supplied me; who found me naked in honours, when he cloathed me; and of which, by the bye, I have just honor enough left to own, that he, in return, was fold by me.

had not the Lord of the foil, John Bull's, true welfare at heart; but fomehow or other he was fascinated into the folly of feconding Mrs. Bull's avarice and the steward's harshness, Conscious that John had dipped his estate very deeply, by going to law upon all occasions, and offering to be umpire in every dispute, for which the tenants on the old estate suffered much, by the raifing of their rents. Mr. Trusty thought that those on the new estate were more able to pay an additional rent, to reduce the Mortgages, than they really were; therefore he schemed out plans to get money from the old farmers, to procure pitchforks, flails, hoes, pick-axes, spades, shovels, crows, steel-straps, and every other ruftic edge-tool, to quell the riot on the new estate, as the farmers there all vowed they would not fubmit to it, at least, unless they were allowed to speak to Mrs. Bull in person as well as the other tenants.

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## CHAP. VIII.

## Of Farmer Blunt. §

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HERE was a great fimilitude between John Bull and farmer Blunt. When Blunt was but a boy, he was observed to admire and copy John

& Blunt is furely meant for Mr. F-x. In my opinion, he is gifted with most wonderful abilities, but is too unaccommodating to be managed by the interior powers. As to myself, thank my stars! that, in defiance of all talents, I have rifen to high honours by my prudence, which Mr. F-x should follow: for if I, with no more noddle, I confess, nor no more oratory than m-j-r Sc-tt or P-1 le M-f-r-r, have got to the top of the ladder of my ambition, what might not F-x gain. if he would lick the dust of the back-stairs, as I have done, in courtly leading-strings, and kis the amiable petticoat of all government. If P-tt had not prudently done so too, he would have remained till now in the upper regions of Lincoln's-inn, buying mutton-lights by the pound, and coals by the peck, as he used to do; and no disgrace to him neither.

John in many of his peculiarities. He would walk from Eton to Portsmouth-point, after him, to see a good cudgelling-match. At the dead of night, when John took it once into his head to go to Newmarket, in order to be present at a snail-race early in the morning, young Blunt, instead of going to bed, as the other scholars did, posted after him, and was at John's heels, when the fnails were a weighing. + At another time, he went with John to Bartlemy-fair, to dine for a penny, upon a fausage, a roll, a mug of beer, and a glass of geneva, price one farthing each. It was, however, remarked that day by John, that, while the boy was feafting, as he did, upon this homely fare, he gave a blind

J. M-LL-R.

of the course, to be informed what weights were used for the above snail-weighing; as, if I reremain ignorant of this, my regulation plan of weights will be very incomplete. I have asked Th-ckn-sse about John Bull, who says he knows him not, but he is sure he is not L-rd A-dl-y.

blind failor, who was finging "Hearts of Oak" for a scanty subsistence, close by him, a new six-pence, which he got as a keep-sake. John wept and capered for joy, while Blunt blushed, and was much confused as if he had neglected his exercise.

Afterwards he was instructed in putt and cribbage, by John, at Hounslowfair. At Horn-fair he could prick the garter, and play at all-fours before he was fifteen; and at Ascottheath he was initiated in the use of the bones, by throwing for a cake of gingerbread, value six-pence, which he won for a halfpenny.

Notwithstanding the youth was fond of those pranks, and many more of John's, yet he by no means neglected his schooling. He was accounted the best classic among his cotemporaries, although he beat them all too at hide-the-horse, chuck-farthing, and leap-frog. His powers of speech were discovered at such an early period, that D Ioha

John recommended him very strongly to his wife, who made him one of her servants, when he was scarce out of his teens.

Blunt soon became a great favourite with this Mrs. Bull; so much so, that she undertook nothing of any moment without having his opinion. ‡

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† D—n me if I would not take Ch-rl-s F-x's opinion sooner than any man I know, for he is in many respects a man after my own heart. I do not know if he had been brought up to the law, and enjoyed the Seals as I do, but that he would have been b—ed before he would have cringed to keep them. There is nothing like boldness to keep men in awe; and I could no more manage a certain House without browbeating, than Busby could his scholars. Indeed, when I am there, I always compare myself to the master of Westminster; and therefore whenever I relax in my discipline, by God I shall be sure to decline in my authority; for

Terror, non Amer, me Deum fecit.

That sniveling son of a b—ch, S-r P-pp-r, pleases P-tt much, I know, by boring him always about F-x's gaming; not considering that great minds

minds like his can never be idle, but must have firong incitements to keep them in fuch exercifes as are very agitating and interesting. F-x was no gamester when in place, but up at his office by feven o'clock, dispatching business; not a snivelling driveller, like S-r P-pp-r, who has no more spice in him, than there is in a ptisicky cockchafer, who is no more like a lawyer, than an unboiled lobster, and who knows no more of equity than my a-did, when it was overturned in my state coach at Charing-cross. But as to F-x. it is only when he is out of office, that he betakes himself to gaming; and by G-- if he were not even more proud than I am, he might have played at court-cribbage all his life-time, with good cribs, and have always been fecure of bolding HIS NoB, befides a flush of diamonds, as large as mother H-A-ngs's.

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#### CHAP. IX.

Of Blunt and Trusty's Division.

THE deputy steward, Mr. Trusty, gave a small employment to young Blunt, as one of the bailiss on the estate of John. It was observed that none knew how to turn it to such advantage as Blunt. He not

\* No one, I have heard a great personage say, could carry a greater weight or mount higher on the ladder of flate knowledge than Mr. F-x. No one is so fit to draw a plan, or execute a great national work, a kind of political Somerset-house I mean, as that constitutional architect. If he is thought fometimes too bold in striding on the fummit, he has never stepped so far as other men have done. F-x's bold steps always appeared to me to be bounded by the walls of the constitution. If he fometimes took an airing upon the top of its ramparts, as in the India-bill, it was to point out to the people the weakness of the eastern wall, and how it ought to be strengthened. But his altitude being shewn to the million, for the purpose of frightening them, by faying that he was up there only to make a breach in that quarter, they infifted

not only kept his books clear, and gathered in the rents from the tenants with exactness, and without arrogance, or rack-renting them, but he gave the deputy several excellent hints towards the improvement of John's manners, which proved of great service.

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But the head steward seeing he was D 3 a fa-

infifted upon his descending, and hoisted up ano-His fucceffor, however, fo far ther in his place. from frengthening that part, has almost totally undermined it; but it is so artfully done, that few common observers can yet perceive it, though our enemies in the east creep in and out, as they please, in open day; and as to the West part of the wall, he has now made an open breach there, to let in a foreign staff-officer, and his numerous army, one General Excise, whom he makes the good-natured blind people believe, will fave them from ruin, although all those whom they are already quartered on, cry out that he and his army are locusts, ating them up alive. I declare that these are my sentiments. I hate all party but the king's, as he has been very good to me. My accounts, thank somebody, are all passed, and I hope the chapel at Windfor will foon be finished in the most splendid Gothic Style, from a fund which nobody but myself and one more knows of. I am a true Swifs. W. CH-MB-RS.

husband, which did not altogether agree with his views, † he ordered the deputy to displace him: this created an animosity between Trusty and Blunt, which lasted for a long time, to the no small injury of John's affairs. It seems Blunt's anger arose from a supposition, that it was entirely through Trusty he was deprived of the Bailiffship; ‡ whereas it is long fince

† It was by my machination and those of another that he was turned out; though N-rth had the whole blame of it.

H-WK-SB-RY.

† I see not any propriety in the otherwise humorous author calling F-x's office a bailiffship. My brother is a Baillie in Guernsey, but then his baillieship is a fort of ruling alderman or governor of the island. He is a steady enemy to smuggling, as I am; for if I had ever known a man that had got a great fortune by cockets and drawbacks, on sending India goods to Guernsey, and then smuggling them back to Britain, while when he obtained the drawback, he swore that they were for foreign parts, and never to return here, by H——ns I would expose the knave, and

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fince known that nothing was more erroneous. It was folely from the caprice of the steward, who took a dislike to Blunt, because, in every conversation, he, too officiously perhaps, put him in mind of the interest and dignity of John Bull, whose servant he always told the steward he was; and warned him not to let any of his own gimeracks hurt the estate of his MASTER.

This wholesome counsel served only to impede his rising in the office, as the steward, being born in the mansion-house of John, had considerably the ear of his master. Not that he could make him believe that the swans D 4 upon

and have him exalted like M-rk L-ne Atk-nf-n! As to me, well may I exclaim,

Per mare, per terras, per cœli numina juro, Nunquam auxi loculum fubdolæ fraude Regis.

I fwear by fea, and fky, and Guernfey hill, I ne'er my pockets did by drawbacks fill.

P-L L- M-S-R-R.

upon the Thames were black, or that many of his upper clerks walked upon their heads, because they had able supporters in their horns. But John had a considence in the steward, as he had entailed the office upon him and his heirs for ever and ever; and therefore could never imagine that he would suffer himself to be duped by his domestics, when it was clearly detrimental to his own income as well as John's rent-roll.

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CHAP.

#### CHAP.-X.

How Blunt accused Trusty, and Trusty, peradventure, accused Blunt.

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DLUNT being no longer bailiff, became very watchful of Trusty's conduct. If the steward wanted to get a little money from John, to carry on some of his projects, and ordered Trusty to apply him, through the medium of Mrs. Bull, young Blunt was always fure to oppose him. Having a respect for the STEWARD, but such a love for John as almost approached idolatry, Blunt was constantly exposing the intrigue between Mrs. Bull and him, nay not without blaming the deputy too, for being the obedient gobetween in their amours and schemes to impoverish unsuspecting John.

Mrs. Bull, however, like most wives that are capable of conducting their intrigues intrigues with secresy, had for a long time the art of managing John, and overturning all Blunt's arguments. It was not by the strong manly influence of sound reasoning that she deseated Blunt, but by the more powerful semale oratory of sighs, tears, embraces, and hysterics, not unmingled, sometimes, with execrations. Logic and truth gave way to her tears, so much did John love her, though he loved her not with half the ardour that he does his present wife, † as she can, not only

+ To me it appears very wife in the English nation, that they should entertain a greater veneration for this parliament than the last. For did not the last parliament pursue the most sanguinary measures respecting America, while they had the prospect of raising a shilling? As to the peace, therefore, that enfued, it was only compulsatory. But was it not the last parliament that gave birth to the accurfed, infamous, abandoned, damnable, destructive, diabolical, unprincipled, unprofitable, unwife, unjust, unnatural COALITION? I call it unnatural, because F-X my nephew, would not agree to my being Premier; I call it unjust, for the same reason; I call it unwise, unprofitable, and unprincipled, for the same reason; and I call it diabolical, destructive, damnable, abandoned,

only fet all logic at defiance, which may be poured into John's ear by her enemies, but she can even defy arithmetic

abandoned, infamous, and accurfed, because that this accurred, &c. COALITION would not make me first LORD OF THE TREASURY. That parliament, besides, was loth to throw out my nephero's infamous India bill, which appeared infamous to me, for no other reason, than that I was not FIRST LORD OF THE TREASURY. then, that this parliament ought to be revered by Englishmen because its majoreties are secured by Indians, to render the Heaven-born minister abfolute by their wealth, that he may excise every article of life, and death too; excepting all piftols but L--d R-wd-n's, and that there may be, by this means, no jury in future, but revenue officers, on any occasion whatever; unless, indeed, in trefpasses between man and man, and in matters of life and death, when I would have my military artizans to fit in rotation in the King's bench, in the Common-pleas, and in the Exchequer. This would be a great faving of time to the citizens, and some recompence for excising every article, even the very air they breathe, which should be gauged, and proved by the hydrometer. All this, and much more, ought to be done, to irritate and punish the accurfed, infamous, &c. COALITION, who would not make me, as I faid before, FIRST LORD OF THE TREASURY!

R-CHM-ND.

metic itself; ‡ two and two, she has been heard to say, is not four, but six, and John did not altogether mistalleve it.

Blunt's difference in opinion from Mrs. Bull, the steward, and his deputy, however, was real, not seigned. He was always an enemy to rack-renting John's Western tenants; || and many

† This, I suppose, must allude to the crithmetical difference between my cousin, Mr. P-tt, and Mr. Sh-r-d-n, respecting the state of the revenue. It is certain that Sh-r-d-n was in the right, and so conscious were we both, of being in the wrong, that we put off the evil day of enquiry for some time, from a needless fear, I own; as I know, that should my cousin tell the house that, if two and two be subtracted from ten, there will remain fourteen, they would give it in his favour. So I bothered them with a long speech that must have been incomprehensible to every one, but Clementson the deputy serjeant; but which the majority comprehended very well, and decided on accordingly.

W. GR-NV-LL-.

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If It is highly necessary to rack one's tenants. As the inhabitants about Vauxhall know that this

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many wordy bickerings happened between Trusty and him on that account, in the presence of Mrs. Bull, who was sure to side with the steward, and persuade her husband so to do, for many years, until Blunt at length convinced John, that certain ruin stared him in the face. This so enraged him against Mrs. Bull, that he endeavoured to divorce her, which threw her into the before-mentioned consumption, that soon terminated in her death.

this is my opinion, I need fay no more upon the subject, as it would be a great bore to them if I added a word, though it were even in a pig's whisper.

J. M-WB-Y.

## CHAP. XI.

John's blindness.

WHEN Blunt had perfuaded John to put a stop to the misconduct of his steward, and remove his deputy, things went on very well, until the death of Dr. Rectitude, as before-mentioned.

It unluckily happened, however, that, although John doated upon Blunt to distraction, and was much obliged to him for his late falutary assistance, he still placed such a blind confidence in his steward, that he ordered him to provide another Dr. for his b—ch of a wife.—These were his words,—and make him his deputy besides.

#### CHAP. XII.

Of Dr. Slyboots.

N John's estate lived one Dr. Slyboots\*. He had been employed before, by the steward, in the service of his master, but displayed, along with some cleverness, much cunning in the tricks of dissembling and over-reaching. Blunt's rough frankness, and naked integrity, could never incorporate with Slyboots' masked policy. In violation of his word, he waited upon the steward, on the death of Rectitude, when he solicited and obtained the post of pulse seeler to E 2

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<sup>\*</sup> This fatire, levelled at my L-d M-rq-fs L-ndfd-wn-, is totally untrue, and therefore unjust. I could prove it by some thousands of irre-fistible arguments, which he laid down, while in office, to convince me, and to fix my opinion for ever.

Mrs. Bull, besides the lucrative office of the steward's deputy.

Blunt was so much displeased at this duplicity of Slyboots, who pledged his honour, that if Rectitude died, † Faultless should succeed him, that he frankly told Mrs. Bull, he could neither serve her nor her husband, if Slyboots gathered

+ If the whole dictionary were fearched, there could not be found a better nominal figure in it to depict the D-k- of P-rtl-nd than Faultless, I confess it. 'Tis not because I serve my S-v-r--gn along with Mr. P-tt, that I am to fashion myself according to his prejudices. True honour is as superior to disguise, as it is to meanness. I speak as a gentleman, when I confess, that I know not one in his M-j-st-'s dominions equal to his Gr-c-, in possessing those qualities that attach man to man, and promote general There is a peculiarity in his affabenevolence. bility that fascinates and endears. His dignity is without pomp, and his urbanity without oftentation. The approaches to his heart are eafy, though his perceptions are acute; and his confidence is generous and fecure. I could write much more, and never be tired of writing on such a subject. But to conclude,—He was born to be a LEADER; because his virtues are of that nature, as to attract and concenter talents,

gathered in the rents: And he refigned his clerkship accordingly. §

John, to be fure, was greatly vexed at this fudden step of Blunt, nor was Mrs.

lents, without diminishing their lustre. Besides, nil ibi plebeium. Had we such a man among us as his Grace, to force our involuntary, but selfish union into an harmonious concord, I am convinced, that our situations would be more stable, and our popularity more durable than I, in my conscience, can think it really merits.

L-DS.

When the M-rq-is of R-ck-ngh-m was thought to be in danger, it was said to be stipulated, among the other branches of his administration, that the D-ke of P-rtl-nd should fucceed him. L-d Sh-lb-rne, as one of the fecretaries of state, at that time, agreed to the fuccession: But no sooner was the breath out of the M-rq-ss's body, than the noble L-d posted to Windsor, and, in defiance of all honour, folicited and obtained the M-rq-fs's fituation. The refignations that immediately followed, caused much forrow and animadversion. It was then that an affemblage was raked together, from the dregs of all parties, of the artful, the unable, and the vile, being selected by dishonour, in the moment of its necessity. This mass of craft, when.

Mrs. Bull altogether pleased, that he should withdraw his services, or that Slyboots should be forced upon her by the steward, as her physician.

By Rectitude's medicines, Mrs. Bull had recovered very fast, not only from her malady, as was related before, but from her erroneous opinions respecting the rack-renting of John's Western tenants.

Not all the weighty arguments of the steward, which || Rateatch used at second

it had fermented, threw off its HEAD, as the refuse; and, after some sew more dregs were thrown in, it produced a soporific spirit, called ADMINISTRATION, which, from being rendered palatable at sirst, like some of my best liquurs, has, for some years caused a general intoxication; although it corrodes like aqua-fortis, and turns as sour upon the stomach as my own vinegar.

H. B-A-F-Y.

# J-ck R-b-nf-n was once what I am now, the chief crimp of St. Stephens. But I can decoy a member with as much skill as ever he could do in his life. There is not a man among them whose

more character in

fecond hand, could prevail with her any longer to beat them, either with flail, hoe, pitchfork, spade, pickaxe, shovel, crow, or any other weapon; but the new deputy, Slyboots, was ordered to let the tenants do as they pleased, without any further molestation. In the execution of this order, however, he was suspected of such a predilection for the interest of \* Baboon, who had, in an unherhand E 4 manner,

whose propensities, whose wants, whose wishes, and whose influencing connections I am not minutely acquainted with. In my way, I know as well as any of the Charing-cross crimps, when to ply, how to ply, how to enlist, and how to secure. I never lost a man in my life that I once crimped, and that is more than any of those crimps can say:—I had forgot,—during the Regency business I lost one or two, who thought we used the PR-NCE ill, but we did not much miss them.

G. R-S-.

<sup>\*</sup> Arbuthnot meant this as the Fr-nch M-n-rch. When I first went to Paris, in my diplomatique capacity, I enquired into the truth of this report, and I have every reason to believe it false, because I could not find out whether the report was false

manner, prevented a compromise between John and his tenants, as waxed him to much anger.

Mrs. Bull, likewise, being persuaded by Trusty, who had now shook hands with Blunt, of the best advantages which Baboon had obtained through Slyboots's means, both the husband and wise insisted on his being turned out immediately, which was accordingly done, to the no small mortification of the steward, who regarded Slyboots, because, in their youthful days, they used to play at push-pin, with the girls, and at hockey, and hole the button, with the boys.

CHAP.

or not! As to Paris, I want no more innings, there; for, being afraid they would have made a cricket-ball of my body, I bowled out as foon as possible: and I swear by my guardian angel, (which is B-cc-lli,) that no inducement shall inveigle me to fix a wicket there, till the rebellious blast has a little subsided.

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D-RS-T.

### CHAP. XIII.

## A Parenthesis.

THE steward was so much hurt at the stubborness of Mrs. Bull, that he yielded fcarce any thing elfe but eye-water for fix weeks together. Sometimes nothing would ferve him, but he would go over one of John's herring-ponds, in a wherry, to a small cottage and turnip-garden he had on the other fide, \* and leave the management to Bull and his furious, changeable, unaccountable wife. At other times, he would coax and reafon with Mrs. Bull, and beg her to consider, that by turning out Slyboots, all her husband's affairs were at a dead stand: But she only laughed at this, which made him look very glum and black.

CHAP.

<sup>\*</sup> If it had not been for my persuasions, by G—d he would have paid a visit to Germany then, until I put him in mind, that there was once such a cross-ridden feel as James the II.

TH-RL-W.

#### CHAP. XIV.

A Parenthesis within a Parenthesis.

T the beginning of this wrangle, in which John took a very considerable part, Slyboots, one evening, waited upon the steward, with a tall youth in his hand, whose figure and aspect appeared fair as a new-kindled rush-light. He called him Hocus. He was not that Hocus Pocus of perfection, whose legerdemain tricks have fo often aftonished and deceived John at a table, by a sharper, or at a show, by a shuffler; although Slyboots has fince declared, that he was always. sharp enough to cut a knave, with his friend; and Backstairs has whispered, that he has been fometimes known to Shuffle successfully with a relation.\* -But

<sup>\*</sup> We do folemnly affirm, upon our honour, that the former of us was gulled, and the latter jockied

-But more of this in due time and place.

Hocus, however, was so strongly recommended by Slyboots to the steward, as a young man that could administer to Mrs. Bull such laxatives as would soften her nature, that he was immediately ordered to attend her, in quality of apothecary, until a regular physician was appointed; although jallup dropped from his lips, and manna,—salts and manna, I mean,—from his tongue: although his cheeks and nose formed a complete clysterpipe, † which he repeatedly applied to

jockied most unfairly out of the reins, by a pupil of the one, and a cousin of the other.

L-NDSD-WN-. B-CK-NGH-M.

† I can by no means imagine Mr. P-tt's cheeks and nose form a complete clyster-pipe, his cheeks being too thick and spungy, like the aloe leaf, of which Anderson's purgative pills are made, and his nose is by far too short. I think the application

days successively,—yet still the old lady's tough humours remained as aftringent as ever.

As John Bull could not bear to see his wife quacked with any longer, though he did not much care for her neither, he insisted on the steward's allowing her a physician of her own appointing. She accordingly fixed on his old deputy, Trusty, who fixed upon Blunt, who fixed upon Faultless.

tion would fuit G—rge R-se, or my L—d H—d much better; as their faces are undoubtedly, when their mouths are full, more like complete clyster-pipes, than that of human beings.

I. CH-RCH-LL:

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#### CHAP. XV.

Or Charles and I was a self

Of Trusty and Blunt's Shaking Hands.

TT is well known, that John Bull gains little or no satisfaction from the shaking of hands after a fight; but as to the union of fifts before a fight, it affords him much pleasure. It often makes him leap for joy, and rub his own greafy palms together, in rapture. Thus John was by no means fo well fatisfied at Blunt and Trusty's reconciliation, as at their quarrel. As a feeder fometimes strokes his cock at the onset of a battle to spur him on with vigor, fo John has been known to do alternately with Blunt and Truf-" See what a dowse in the jaw, Blunt, you have given to Trufty, why he is struck speechless!" John has said. Then he would run across the room to Trusty, and clapping his back, whisper, " Now, my old stager, if you can knock his teeth down his throat, to stifle his words, and

and wind him by a dig in the breadbasket, you will have the best of the battle."

As John's delight was in these bickerings; and as these his two savorites were to be kept in hot water, for his amusement, as well as advantage, when they put a period to their hostilities, John marvelled much; as he said his affairs could no more be carried on without Trusty's breathing against Blunt, and Blunt against Trusty, than a windmill could turn round, if the blast was not always driving sull plump in its teeth a strong knock-me-down blow.

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## CHAP. XVI.

John and his wife quarrel about the Shaking of Hands.

TEVER was man in a greater fury than John Bull, because Blunt and Trusty had become friends, He abused them in every pot alehouse, as fellows that could not fight, but when they were in a downright passion at one another. He d-mned them for bruifers that had no bottom. or if they had, they fought only to take the knowing ones in. With as great propriety, exclaimed John, might every honest man and his wife be always on the fame fide, as well as Blunt and Trusty; and don't we all know that there would be no true love in matrimony, if there were not a strong opposition? Nay, he even went fo far as charging them with croffing,

croffing, and that they had agreed to divide the door-money.\*

John,

\* On feeing this at a certain member's house who owes me some money, which he borrowed to take him out of town, I was in a d-mned passion; and I am in a d-mned rage now, when I write this. As I am door-keeper to the HOUSE, no one, by G-, shall ever divide the door-money with me. F-x nor N-rth never divided any of my door-money, but have constantly paid me, in time, my Christmas-box, like gentlemen. I wish some people, who always fnuff the air at the top of the door as they pass, me, would pay me as early, and as punctually as the Coalition men. Sink me if I don't. I hate to turn the key to some of them, who trouble me so much and pay me so little. I'd as lief turn the key of H-II. A prepuce, as B-f-y fays on all occasions, since he got his hair dressed at Paris, for the vinegar-ball at Margate; by G-I hope black, fow-nofed Th-rnt-n will not, this. winter, bawl so much at the door for his servant. Sink me if I can hear or fee for him and his fervant; fifty times on a great night does he come out, roaring for his fervant; and the greater the night, the more noise he makes. When he drives me to fleep in my chair, by bawling his nonfense in the house, his speechifications will begin to have some effect upon me, that they will. I could fcratch down a great deal more, if I had some of B-ll-my's brandy, or B-rl-we's, Oh !

John, however, was instigated to those fits of abuse by Earwig, + the steward's invisible secretary, and Grumble-

Oh! if I had blubber-lipped B-rl-we's here, my deputy, whose bottle-nosed mouth is knocked flat as a flounder, by sucking of case-bottles!—

P-RS-N, D-r-k-p-r.

light and where well is to lead to \* We of the bed-chamber have been, all along, very justly jealous of H-wk-sb-ry's private visits, muffled up in a Greenland fur capand large Russian watch-coat, to a particular house at P-ml-co gate, or to the R-d-ng-house, or fometimes in at the fly garden-door, to all of which he has keys, while we have none, but a common one of the Gr-n P-rk. If a certain person must have a favorite, it should be nobody else but a L-d of the B-d-ch-mb-r, and not a mushroom L-d as this, who formerly scribbled fcandal for one Gr-ff-n, a review-man, up in the one corner of a garret, the other half of which was my father's taylor's shop-board. By the blude of nobilitee, he should not be called H-wk-sb-ry, but change his teetels with the Irish nobleman, L-d M-ntg-rr-t; it would be a very proper name for an auld fcribbler.

G-LL-W-Y.

ble-growl, ‡ his chief lapidary. Indeed, to speak truth, the steward himself bore them no good will, Blunt's attachment to John being greater by far than to the steward, although as a steward he loved him much. As to Trusty, he lost the steward's warm heart,

I I vow to my maker, and that is the H-v-m born minister, if this be not an excellent name for bullying Th-rl-w, a fellow who has crept into consequence, by dint of impudence and foul-mouthed language, as my Lady fays; a fellow, whose brother the B-sh-p was once a N-rw-ch weaver, and wove himself the very first gown and cassick that he wore, as my Lady fays; a fellow, whose sheer-wit smells of the shuttle; a fellow, who brow-heats every one as if he were going to knock them down with his brother's beam; a fellow of brasen-nose, as T-mmy W-rt-on fays, who knows Gr-y's line of "Weave the woof," better than any one fellow in England; a fellow, the thread of whose discourse is drawn from a thick N-rw-ch drab; and a fellow, forfooth, that Grumble-growl is a very fit name for; as this fellow of a cur once fwore, that I was no more fit to be m-st-r of the r-lls, than C.rt-s the bifcuit-baker! Most infamous! as my Lady fays.

heart, when he would no longer perfift in Mrs. Bull's and Earwig's scheme of rack-renting the tenants. Poor Trusty knew not, for many years, that it was Earwig, who bred the maggots in the steward's brain, that misled him to hurt John's tenants on both fides of the herring-pond; but he no fooner found it out, than he declared, that it was no fault in him not to have difcovered the maggot-breeder fooner; but he should be a fool to himself. and a base man to John, if he remained deputy any longer after knowing it; especially as no one could make the worthy steward believe, that those were maggots, and bred by Ear-wig.

If John railed at Blunt and Trufty, Mrs. Bull, like a good wife, spoke only in their praise. Having changed her mind respecting the tenants, she could not but admire, she said, the forgiving disposition of F 4.

these two servants, who were so generous as to forget all their scoldings, for the good of herself and John, when they found the cause of dispute at an end, as in every thing else, except the rack-renting, they were but of one opinion.

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## CHAP. XVII.

A conversation between John Bull and his wife, about the shaking of hands.

John Bull. TELL you, Mrs. Crack-brain, never make me believe, that Blunt and Trusty's hands being locked together, like the union fire-office plate, can be for my welfare.

Mrs. Bull. John, John, you feed me with arguments only to confute yourself. Their shaking of hands, indeed, you may compare to that plate; but what is it for, husband? Is it not to shew, that the house is insured against the worst of evils that can befal it? So their shaking of hands, my dear, is an insurance against every evil that can happen to your estate, if, as Trusty now says, your steward can be prevented from Earwig's still misleading him.

John

John Bull, Though the D-v-1 himself should mislead the steward, who dare, or can, mislead John Bull? I say, minx, he has a good heart, and so long as I am convinced of that, I'll look sharp after the whirligigs that may be put into his head, and, at least, prevent a real injury, if I cannot cure a lamentable defect. 'Tis true, his ear is very wide and capacious. report, however monstrous, is too large, at times, for an entrance; nor none fo fmall, or fo distant, which cannot found on his auricular drum, and reverberate to both our disadvantages. As to his fwallow, too, I own it is likewise very great. Did not you and his midnight club of ear-wigs make the good man once believe that, like a leviathan, he could swallow all the gall of my Western tenants, when boiling with rage at their rack-renting, as eafily as a mess of hot leek porridge, which he has been often known to swallow for a supper? \* still, for

<sup>\*</sup> I cannot help observing that leek porridge makes

for all these whimsies, the man has an excelent heart, and d—mn me if he do not always wish me well, although he has more than once used me very foolishly. But, as to Trusty and Blunt, I say again, that, as they abused one another for a long time, even putting me out of the question, they had no right to shake hands ever after.

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Mrs. Bull. What a positive, filly, inconsistent man you are, husband! Because they had high words often about your tenants in the West, and, to speak the truth, in their heat of passion took great liberties with one another, were they to continue always such bad christians as never to forgive, shake

makes a very good supper; and I am not ashamed to own that I have often bought a banch of leeks in Fleet-market for such a somniferous meal, and had them dressed in a most savory manner at the Globe, where I have had the honour to eat likewise many a Welch rabbit smothered with mustard, besides English rabbits smothered with onions.

W. L-W-S.

shake hands, and be friends? I'll only appeal to your own feelings and conduct, my dear. Have not you called me all the polite names that the most fanciful link-boy in London could devise? And have not I as politely, John, returned them to you, with all the additional graces of Tothill-street, Mill-bank, and Palace-stairs? \* Yet, my dear, because we have christened each other in choler, without the parson, have we been so rancorous, so ungerous, or unjust to ourselves, as not to forgive and embrace?

Tohn

<sup>\*</sup> I very well remember that when G-rg-R-I- had four cows driven to me at Norwood to choose two, as he was to send the other two to his wife, that I poured out such a string of polite phrases to him as made not only him the colour of a sunflower with sear, but black M-lgr-v-shake, who was in the next room with my niece, shewing her the probability of his discovering the north-west passage. He trembled as violently at my voice as when he was too near the pole, and tossed up and down in the higher latitudes.

John Bull. There is, indeed, some truth in that; but

him? But, my love, as I am now nor

. Mrs Bull. None of your buts to me, husband. If you would forswear all butts, + but your business, it would be better for you and me both. I say, commend me to those that can fight and forgive.

If Blunt was violent against Truschought; and, to whilper you

+ Beve amo tutte tres! The author should not have condemned all butts-Mr. P-zz-favs that my butts were unexceptionable-fo does Quaker B-cl-y too, who paid me near 140,000l. for these butts-by one draught on his own bank. It was the best draught I ever had in my life, notwithstanding, in my time, I have had feveral draughts of very good brandy.

Now instead of a butt. I squeeze a catgut! And all my delight Is to tipple and write With P-zz-, my love, And his pow'rs above!

- Caro mio ben!

H. L. P-ZZ-

other results Reducing that

ty's rack-renting the tenants, was not I as violent as Trusty in opposing him? But, my love, as I am now not ashamed of acknowledging my error, I likewise rejoice in the reconciliation of these two great men, whose disference was free from malice, because rectitude only was the aim of each.

John Bull. So, indeed, I have often thought; and, to whisper you a secret, if it had not been for the steward's earwigs, who have tried to worm themselves into my noddle, I would have been reconciled to them long ago. When they shook hands, I wrote immediately to my friend Sir Roger, ‡ who,

† Sir Roger Bold is by J—s the country jontleman. By country jontleman, arrah, the scribe most clearly meant men like me, of rustic respectability, whose paternal estates were so large and scattered, as to be a sort of ubiquity;

who, you know, has always put me to rights. My letter was short and pithy: It was thus.

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quity; and whose families were so old, as even than Adam to have much more antiquity, as me and mine are; though I candidly confess, that I was born without a shirt to my back, or even a shoe to my foot.

#### J. M CN-M-R-

house to soi IAA rase at Trady and Blant taking one gnother by the hands. There is not earnen in town, but wished -mass . one and noh name weaks along the go, via blister north art of better sattle en till. In om - en ton esel en elections described All the give thous demnit is as three of no - 5 Villes of a famous lying of

to demic the continuence of his circums on dishave damn the children of Local John drawn bear G 2 CHAP

Miss Meyenend Me all Menney Medit Colly Miss

who, you know, his always put me

## bus to CHAP. XVIII.

John Bull's Letter, and Sir Roger's
Answer.

and mine are attempt. I confidly confer that is, yes been a specific property back, or even a ...

face to my mes.

SIR ROGER.

A M in a d—mned rage at Trusty and Blunt taking one another by the hands. There is not a drayman in town, but what d—mns it. Hackney-coachmen stop one another in the streets, even while giving the long trot, to d—mn it. All the ale-houses d—mn it. All the gin-shops d—mn it: as well as some of the gospel-shops, \* who doubly d—mn it.

<sup>\*</sup> The Reverend Mr. W. was not only hired to d-mn the coalition, out of his itinerant pulpits, but to damn the election of L-rd J-hn T-wnsh-nd. These are facts which no one knows so well as I do. If we can knock up the liberty of all presses but our own, and revive the good old way of pulpit politics,

it. Those even who cannot read or write, d—n.n it. And children, hardly from the breast, are lispingly taught to d—mn it. But, d—mn me, Sir Roger, what is most wonderful of all, my wise does not d—mn it! Pray what think you of it? D-mn-t-n!

JOHN BULL.

To SIR ROGER BOLD, Thefe.

Tt

politics, which CROMWELL managed so nicely, every church, chapel, and field will soon ring in praise of our deeds; and nothing can shake us while the clergy continue to lull their slocks to sleep, by singing psalms to our virtues, which I should wish S-r R-ch-rd H-ll to compose, and L-rd Ch-st-rsi-ld to set to music, as he has been director at the Pantheon—at least of the carpenters and the lamp-lighters at M-rt-nd-l-'s ball, &c. where, indeed, I would have danced myself, had P-TT, as he promised, pared my ancles, to make good calfs for his own legs.

G-RG- R-S-,

It was not long, my dear, before Sir Roger sent me the following answer:

disFriend John, hand a tada, 19 4

I admire the integrity of your indignation, but I can by no means approve of the motive which gives rife to it. In matters of moment, John, you are but too apt to be swayed by the tone of the vulgar and illiterate, who are played upon by the artful to make a noise and disturbance. These men, having nothing but their own caprice and interest at heart, sit behind the curtain, (like the organist in your parish-church,) allaying just sears, and arousing chimeras, † according

where our in the in-progress out is

t I could administer the facrament to myself with safety, on swearing that the heaven-born m-n-st-r, my pupil, never aroused any chimera; nor, by my m-tre, have I ever heard of any since the one which Bellerophon, the grandson of Sisyphus slew, when he was mounted on Pegajus.

PR-TTYM-N.

eording to the mode which they choose to play upon the organs of ignorance, credulity, and partiality. Some are blowing the bellows, others composing the dreadful notes of discord, a third managing the stops, a fourth thrumming on the instrument, and a fifth turning over, as the subject requires, the lessons for the day. They are generally about your steward, whom they can often lull, as well as the vulgar, to security in the midst of danger, and fret to anger, in place of softening him to acts of gratitude and propriety.

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n ;

So far from being enraged at the union of Trusty and Blunt, your true interest, besides your religion, should teach you to rejoice, that their disputes upon a particular point, though sometimes too warm, were void of implacability.

Have not you and I, John, been often at as great variance as these your two servants? But did not the effect G 4 always

always cease, when the cause was done away? Man is bad enough, John, already; but if he were without forgiveness in his disposition, the world would be like a den of tygers, or even as W-stm-nst-r-h-ll itself.

I can only add, that, although your fecret enemies, who cling like leeches to the unfuspecting steward, will be for ever irritating you to continue your hatred to Blunt and Trusty, take an example from the many extraordinary acts of forgiveness of that very steward himself. Numberless almost are the men that he has forgiven, besides Pistol-proof, ‡ that have opposed his stewardship with violence, satirized his abilities, and denied his integrity. Has not the meek forgiving

<sup>‡</sup> Pistol-proof, I am told, is applied to my uncle, the D-k-, because he is more fond of seeing me fight, than in fighting himself; and who the devil would be afraid of fighting, if, as in my case, they were never fired at?

forgiving fleward shook hands even with Swindle-bull, || who has not only often taken you in, John, but abused the steward with every base epithet, and reviled his mother, as a woman not the most continent.

miterially ferve you, John, as

If

If I have, like the fovereign, drawn my fupplies at different times from the English nation, I never swindled them; for my services certainly entitled me to them. As to a great personage's countenancing me of late, I am not so vain as to imagine it any thing else than from the teeth outwards. I formerly so bespattered him with scurrility, and painted his mother in such odious colours as no gentleman could forgive; though policy might, I dare fay, instigate him to veil it in a levee smile now, as he is no doubt informed that I never more mean to fatirize him. As fome recompence for what I have done him, I shall, at the next election, facrifice my feat in parliament on his account; that is, on the account of supporting his m-n-st-r. If therefore, my obtaining that feat has been a thorn in the fide of m-j-fty, I shall have the honour, before I die, of feeing it plucked out myself-I mean by my conflituents, -as they are determined to reject a man who, by becoming a tory, they fay, has deserted his principles. This, however, is a mistake, as I never was a tory, or a whig, or any thing else upon principle.

If forgiveness be an attribute of the Saviour for the imitation of man, I see no reason why Trusty and Blunt should be precluded from that benefit; the more especially as their friendship, with your considence, will materially serve you, John, as well as

countenancing are of land, I am not is values to imagine it and thing elle than from the terth ecounts. I so wish to below ceted him with for slight and painted his subter in facts estimate election to tribuna and to give though police to the day of the party bear to wait the Beengled thinds on a sit or provide the course of tian Lingues move mean for lacking Signal Lines forms recommence for what I have done bling I had, set the next election, merified my heat in participation of the exposition of the properties and togeth the section of the section with to turn ing obtained that has been a closen in the Perioted remembers over the fit of the period of the de, et le regalegated et metal by the continuents, - as then are determined to refere a man years he leaded to a long tree my law a single with a supporting and Layrel b within as I a compared to the control of the

Your Friend,

DELL'ANT TE

ROGER BOLD.

CHAP

# CHAP. XIX.

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his incomes at

John's Perplexities.

TRS. Bull's comments on Sir IVI Roger's letter, joined to her own arguments in favor of the handsshaking, would have made John entirely approve of Blunt and Trusty's late conduct; if the steward, through the instigation of Earwig, did not always create new doubts in his mind, which kept him often between hawk and buzzard. Sometimes John would fay to himself, "Trusty was in the right to join with Blunt,-hang me but they are d-mned honest fellows,men of mettle,—boys of bottom; many a hard fall had Trusty before he gave in ; - and, as the battle was well fought, he was in the right to shake hands, when he could no longer stand up to his man." In the midst of these good natured reveries, the earwigs

## [ 72 ]

earwigs would creep from the steward's brain, near unto John's, and sometimes tickle and teize him into a contrary opinion. But as they never could make their lodgement good there, his sirmness at length got the better of all their buzzings, bitings, and wormings; and they had no effect upon him, but when he was in liquor; until lately, indeed, when young Hocus has given him such quantities of opium as keeps him in almost a total state of stupefaction.

which kept his often octween heads and buseard. Sometimes John would my to insofelf, "Conty was nother able to just with Blint—cases mo

principal whork but his bad is

gave in . — and see the bards are well cought; he was in the right to indeed and another marks.

#### CHAP. XX.

The Begetting of Young Hocus.

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In treating of the juvenile hero of this history, many wonderful tints of character will be occasionally remarked, nay the dreams and prodigies that attended his birth will be found so great, the acts of his infancy so surprising, that, although the credibility of history may be shaken in the recital, nothing but truth will be found at the bottom.

About nine months before young Hocus was born, his father came home one morning very early, and instead of eating his accustomed chicken, \* he Vol. I. H ordered

<sup>\*</sup> I very well remember, that my late master always had a spitful of chickens at the fire at once, and

ordered the cook to get him a mess of pease-pudding immediately, and a quart of sweet wort from the small-beer brewer's: With difficulty these were prepared at such an hour, and he gulped down the whole, in a few minutes, with great avidity. The coarseness of the supper to him, who swallowed nothing but pullets done to the moment, and drank chiefly old hock, madeira, claret, or burgundy, astonished

and sometimes not one out of a dozen would please him. His son, William, though still fond of acids and syllabubs, is a very good trencher-man, nor is he sparing of the bottle, like his opponent F-x. But then William is no gamester. When he was in Lincoln's-Inn, turning lawyer indeed, I have known him play with the attorney's clerk on the same sloor, for a leg of mutton and trinmings—nay, I remember of late, hearing my child, the sp—k-r, say that B-lly tossed up with D-nd-s, in a frolick at Wimbledon, for a rump and dozen; and that my L-rd Th-rl-w took up W-ll--m, the conqueror, at hop, step, and jump: but then he was no match for my matchless Bil'.

R. ADD-NGT-N.

ed all the fervants, and it at length reached his wife's ears, who was ill abed, with drinking too much vinegar, supposed to be taken with a view to prevent corpulency.

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The steward, as was before hinted, had a small house and turnip-garden t'other side the pond, † of which he was very fond, but John Bull detested it. It seems that old Hocus was a violent stickler against enriching this garden, or entrenching it at the expence of John's family manors; for although it was given partly as a present to him by the steward's predecessors, as the pond and some other mens manors divided it from Bullockhatch, he not unwisely thought it un-

<sup>+</sup> Dish must be H-n-v-r in Y-rm-ny, caush good turnip grow dere; but good moneys and shilvers, and goolds, and shewels, and coasses, and dyemins, and all dat dere grow here, like de turnip dere.

worthy of inclosing, and only allowing it those fences which nature had given it. The three last stewards, however, laboured incessantly with John to keep up the old fence, if he would not agree to new ones. Having gained over the Mrs. Bulls of these days, (for none of his wives live above feven years,) they would fometimes fqueeze pick-axes, spades, hoes, &c. out of John, who did not grumble much, until the day of payment came, when he used to have very high words, indeed, with his help-mates, about the great expence of keeping up the cabbage garden fences. If John asked Mrs. Bull or his steward, (which was generally done in a rage,) where the D-1 had fuch a quantity of fcythes been sent? To the turnip-garden, my dear, fays one. To your beautiful turnip-park, your honour, adds the other: And John bore this enormous fencing, for some time, with a considerable degree of patience; but when he found that he had hardly a spade, hoe,

hoe, scythe, or pitchfork, that had not gone to the turnip-garden, and that it involved him in quarrels, befides, with the neighbours around there, with whom he had no bufiness. he d-mned the garden, beat his wife, and abused the steward very grossly. Old Hocus always sided with John, in those fits of anger, and he often treated Mrs. Bull with very great rudeness, for leaguing with the steward against her husband, who was now, by old Hocus's infinuations, grown quite outrageous and unmanageable. In one of these paroxysms, John was heard to vociferate, that he would be d-mned, if he would not, at a cheaper rate, secure Goodwin's fands, or the Dogger-bank, by entrenchments, as that unprofitable, expensive, destructive, cursed turnipgarden. ‡

H 3

Now

<sup>†</sup> I really can perceive no great difficulty in forming a line of circumvallation around Goodwin's fands,

Now old Hocus's violence foon fubfided respecting this garden not being fenced; nay he had lately said to the steward, that he had no objection to planting a single quickset hedge there, at John's charge; and, when he called for the pease-pudding, he was just returned from a long conversation

fands, as well as Goodwood. But to throw entrenchments around the Dogger-bank, it reaching from near Yarmouth to the Dutch-coaft, I think impossible, unless by act of p-rl-m-nt, which I confels cando any thing, provided I be the engineer. Upon reflection, if my S-v-r--gn will bestow upon me a grant of Goodwin's lands, after recovering them from the sea, I shall entrench and fortify the Dogger-bank, without fee or reward, provided p-l-m-nt defrays the other expences. Julius Cafar certainly raised walls with stone and mortar, as quick as my gardener could do corfe lettuces with coal and horse-dung. His walls round Atuatici and Alexia were, indeed, wonderful; and his shutting up Pompey, by building a wall in Dyrrachium, which reached from fea to fea, plainly thews that he could have entrenched the Doggerbank in a few months with a couple of legions. Then, if he could do so much, what cannot I atchieve, with two thousand years more experience than that unparallelled man? R-CHM-ND.

conversation he had with Mrs. Bull, wherein he owned, that a single quickset would be of no avail, but that the garden must have a double row, besides a deep ditch, and steel-traps, and spring-guns set all around; and that every spade, pitchfork, hoe, &c. in Bullock-hatch, with a great number of hedgers, ditchers, ploughmen, gardeners, &c. must be sent over immediately at the expence of John, and money to keep them in beef, bread, beer, and brandy, for a twelvemonth.

John Bull would have run frantic, when he heard of this treachery, as he called it, of old Hocus, had not he, along with the steward, soon soothed John into a compliance, by informing him that, as he had done something to the fencing of the garden, he must either put a good, bold, and effectual finish to it, or else he would lose it for ever. John, in reply to this, said, that if it were not that his honour, his pride, and his credit

were

were now concerned, the garden might go and be d—mned, (these were his words) and he would therefore let Bullock-hatch run fallow for a twelvemonth rather than neglect the security and cultivation of the turnipgarden.

It was in this moment of flexibility, after fanctioning the above deed with Mrs. Bull, that he came home, ate the peafe pudding, fwallowed the fweet wort, and went to bed to Mrs. Hocus, who had fwallowed the vinegar; and in nine months from that night, she was delivered of young § Hocus.

On

<sup>§</sup> I never before heard that my master, the minister, was begotten on the very night on which his father espoused the support of H-n-v-r, G-r-m-n troops, and G-rm-n alliances, and, by that means, deserted his principles, and turned his coat. I do not think that I got any child on the night when I deserted my principles by turning my coat. "My poverty, but not my will consented." But I did not turn my coat, till the recovery was apparent;

## [ 81 ]

On the memorable pease-pudding morning, after old Hocus got up,—
I mean out of bed,—his wife had the following dream:

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rent; and if I had not then turned it, I should not now have had a coat to turn!

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CHAP.

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## CHAP. XXI.

Of Mrs. Hocus's Dream.

SCARCE had old Hocus risen from wishing his wife good morning, in the affectionate manner that all dutiful husbands do, when she dreamed that she was in labour with the monument! \* Waking in a dreadful

\* I could draw a very fine fimile from Herodotus, by comparing the dowager's dream, in being with child of the monument, to that historian's dream of Aftyages, when, in his fleep, he faw a wine spring from the womb of his only daughter, the branches of which would overshadow all Asia. I declare that had I not been sneered at in the House, through envy, for my Greek quotations, I would either have spoken it there at full, from the Greek of Herodotus, or I and my tutor would have translated it as an oration for the benefit of the yellow club. I would have then drawn fuch a parallel, to the club, between that vine and the Hampton-court vine, which is thirty yards long! and then I would have lugged in fuch another parallel ful fright, as all ladies who have been mothers, and all those who have not, may suppose, at the conception of such a huge thing as a Corinthian pillar of two hundred seet in length; cards were sent round to all the gossips in the neighbourhood, in order to have their different divinations of this huge stone, which Mrs. Hocus dreamed was in her womb.

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The curiofity of females is such, that many of them came instantly to her,

parallel between Astyages' vine, and the dowager's monument, as would have been without the least parallel in history or in oratory, either for simile or for metaphor! In the midst of those unparalleled parallels, while drinking Willis's wine, which, like D'Aubigny's, is divine, and expounding to my yellow audience those dreams about the monument and the vine, I should not forget drawin Vine-street, Piccadilly, into the parallel, as a compliment to my friend Cr-j-n, who resides there. But as Sophocles says, "Demegapa," in the house from speaking Greek, I'll be cursed if I don't give all my Greek, in gratitude to the yellow club, if they will support me at the next election.

B-LGR-V-,

her, with their cloaths hardly pinned on, and, in a short time, she had her fore parlour full of old and young. After hearing her dream with minuteness, they all agreed that she must be with child of something prodigious and superior to the common race of mankind. But their opinions were trivial, and not worth recording in history, excepting one Miss Phenomene, † a young lady of great understanding, and who was remarkable for wearing blue stockings.

After she had put her finger on her lips, and peeped slily into Mrs. Hocus's

<sup>+</sup> Phenomene was a virgin, who fat first on the Delphic tripos, as a prophetess. As I am ignorant of her wearing line stockings, I shall endeavour to be informed of my L—d S-ndw-ch, who has always been very curious in every thing relative to Grecian beauty, and classic virginity. But I rather think this is meant as a compliment to some of the semale literary club here, who wear blue stockings:—Perhaps to Mrs. M-nt-g--, who must have, probably, been then a virgin.

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Hocus's tea-cup, she declared, "That, the Corinthian order having been, among the Greeks, facred to Vesta, the child, if a girl, would live and die a virgin; and, if a boy, would never know woman! She then asked if there appeared, as in the monument, crevices in the fluting from the bottom to the top? Being answered in the affirmative, she said, " It was a proof that the day-light of reason would be admitted into the child's bosom, as foon as born; and that the beams of crafty knowledge would shine so strong into its mind, as to warm its understanding into the deepest cunning, even while in infancy."

Then Miss Phenomene enquired, if her monument had a gallery and golden top? This question being likewise answered in the affirmative, she replied, "The golden head indicated, that her child would command a crown; and that the gallery was a sure presage that, its head being high, Vol. I. I however

however it might totter by being always among the clouds, the gallery would prevent its falling low, even if it were to be cut off by the blaft.

Mrs. Hocus was then asked if she recollected a door at the bottom of her monument, which she did, but continued, that it was without lock or key; and that, consequently, no one could get to the stair-case within. Miss Phenomene commented upon this, with her usual acuteness, by faying, " That the door being without a lock, foretels a very great bleffing to the unborn; while the stair-case within is a fure proof of the heart being hollow, will it not be a great happiness to this future prodigy, that no one can get in there to discover the hidden fecrets on the infide?

"The chinks then, too, are of double advantage, by not only admitting reafon, crafty knowledge, and cunning, at the most early period, to polish itfelf; felf; but their openness will deceive all into the pleasing idea, that its heart, and all its deep designs lie open to man; when the truth will be found, by those few who have sagacity enough to look for the door, to examine carefully what may be written within, that although there is a door, it is without even a key-hole to peep through; and that its sound is both loud and empty.

"As to your pillar, madam, as it must be composed of stone, iron, and wood, it shews that your child, in its nature, will be cold, hard, and firm as a stone; that it will, with an iron hand, command its crown; ‡

I 2 and

† This feems to me to be a fling at the most excellent R-g-ncy bull; during the discussion of which I was verra prudent, in haulding my tongue, to prepare myself for a fresh offer, if the oots caum in. But when I saw that my S-v-r-gn was getting better, (whom Heeven preserve for ever on Britain's throne;) I then bellowed against aw the opposition in the hoose, as lood as a sand-man's

and that the wooden door, without the key-hole, represents the head of John Bull, who will long be kept by your child as blind as a mole."

Miss Phenomene said, she had but one question more. She wished to know, if there was any writing by way of entablature on the base.

There were only three letters, Mrs. Hocus answered, as entablature, VIR—Bless me, exclaimed Miss, I am puzzled, indeed, to divine this! The

man's ass, when he is scolding his maister for staying in a gin-shop. Bully Putt had need to preserve the croon with an iron hand from Laird Noarth, and his crew, who first gave me breed; for if he did na, bee Heevens, these scoondrels would drive us aw oot,—uneet the blude royal,—and drive the excise to the Deel; which wauld mauk the peepil too fat and rich, and destroy the liberty of the subjects as we are, from treating those raugamussins, the peepil, as we please.

H. D-ND-S.

The sex of the child, I foresee, will be doubtful. Vir surely means, if we divide the English word virgin, that it will be half a virgin. But if we, more properly, suppose these letters three fifths of the Latin word virgo, a language in which most entablatures are written, it augurs that the child will be three fifths a man, and two fifths a woman; consequently, although man will be the predominant quality, it will have a great deal of the chaste purity, and the pure vindictiveness of the woman.

"Some may insist, indeed, that by vir only being on the entablature, it is the substantive noun, and means, that it will be a man of strong natural parts; but I think it more natural to imagine, that nature was writing virgo, and that her hand was arrested by fate in the middle, deeming it more proper, perhaps, that this prodigy should be neither man nor I woman,

woman, but a mixture of both, in order to know the caprices of both, and to walk so upright as neither to lean to, nor even to be attracted by either sex.

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CHAP.

## CHAP. XXII.

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Of Mrs. Hocus's Longings.

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The fanciful and fagacious divination of Miss Phenomene, in interpreting the dream, which affected Mrs. Hocus not a little. The usual nine months passed without any particular incident happening that is worthy of recording, save that she longed to eat printed leaves of books; and she actually swallowed more, during that period, than some considerable cheesemongers have used in a twelvemonth. \* Cromwell's life she devoured

<sup>\*</sup> The fatirical fellow of an author could not, as was reported, mean my shop. Have I not had M-j-r Sc-tt in my pay for these three years past, for supplying me with waste paper? and, notwithstanding he is so very ready with his pen, sometimes he could not fulfil his contract,

devoured in a month, and Machiavel's Prince only lasted her a week; but her time was chiefly taken up in chewing a large library, as valuable as Mr. Newberry's collection, which she gulpt down, gilt covers and all, with great keenness.

in time, without calling in the aid of several other men of great talents, like himself;—fuch as H-rry B---f-y and L—d Ab-ngd-n, to whom I have, indeed, been already very much obliged; for neither their works, nor the M-j-r's ever lie long upon my shelf, but have a very rapid run, and are soon thumbed and soiled with greafy fingers, like all other works that are perused with avidity.

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Mr. C-P-L, ch--fe-m-ng-r to L-d H--D.

### CHAP. XXIII.

Of the Birth of young Hocus, and the Prodigies that attended it.

THE morning at length arrived, when Mrs. Hocus was to bring forth her Corinthian pillar of two hundred feet in length. The story of the dream having got wind, all her neighbours wished for the delivery, and a fight of this master-piece of nature. Her pains were neither long nor severe, when the accoucher handed a slender child to the nurse, who immediately exclaimed in rapture, that it was not altogether without its father's mark!

It was observed by Miss Phenomene, when Mrs. Hocus was taken in labour, that a flight of jackdaws perched upon the ledge of the bedchamber

chamber windows, and chattered very much; while an owl, which had come down the chimney, decked in a pie-bald coat from the foot, walked gravely up to the baby-linen in a bafket, on which it rolled itself; and, after croffing the bed, and flapping its wings, it marched out of that room into the next, where Dr. Maniac \* was fitting, and fixing its talons in his wig, it went back with it to the bed, and laying it above Mrs. Hocus with great deference, flew up the chimney, and disappeared. The servants in the kitchen remarked, when making the caudle, that it turned immediately to froth, nor could their utmost care keep it in a folid state, at any time during the straw month. These omens were very favourably interpreted by Miss

ADD-NGT-N.

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<sup>\*</sup> Maniac means me. For the story about the owl and the wig, which is not altogether true, I shall vindicate myself in another place, and in another manner.

Miss Phenomene, who declared, that the infant would be gifted with a volubility of words; while the owl typified its wisdom, the wig its future honours, and the froth, that its elequence would be adorned with all the foam of oratory, without being overburthened with any of the strong particles of its solidity.

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The nurse, after putting on her spectacles, and examining with a prudent eye into the sex of the child, on looking up to his face, screamed out, that he was born with a night-cap on his head! upon examing it more closely it was perceived, that he came into the world with a caul on, on which was written in very small, but legible letters, with a crow-quill, in Bribewell's + own hand, the outlines of

+ By instinct, it strikes me that this must be S-r R-b-rt W-lp-l-; for I am pretty well assured, nay I know it, that a great many of his own

of all his corruption, with particular instructions for the child, and the true mode of pinching John Bull and his tenants at home, by not allowing them to move one drop of liquor to their lips, without his first sucking it; nor to smell, sunk, nor mash any quantity of the dried dock leaves which are brought from his Western farms, without he has previously a squeeze

own M. S. S. were purchased from an old servant of his, by a certain friend of mine, before we got into power, among which were the gradual progressions of a general excise scheme. We have much improved upon Sir Robert's tobacco-bill, in many respects:—To instance but one,—that whereas Sir Robert's allowed an appeal from the excise officer to the circuit-judges, ours allows no such thing, by which we shall soon knock up all juries, as our scheme extends; and keep the citizen at his business, instead of being in a court of law, that he may be inured to confinement, previous to the deprivation of his liberty. Sir Robert was certainly never equalled in bribery and corruption, but by one, who is too modest, in this note, to men ion his name.

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fqueeze of it; and indeed, in time, not to do any thing, however harmless, or however necessary, without being first pressed and pinched pale by the retainers of this infant, before they were suffered to gratify their wishes or their wants.

This wonderful caul was taken off by Dr. Maniac, who by this time had recovered his wig. It was intended to ferve the elder brother of Hocus in future, when he was to rival Neptune, without so much as ever seeing salt water, unless in shedding a brackish tear ‡ at his own want of

<sup>†</sup> This appears to me to be a fatire against the first L—d of the adm-r-lty. It is clear, that the writer is wrong in afferting, that my L—d Ch-th-m never saw salt water, but in his tears. Has he not likewise seen it often in his urinal? not to mention his being over the Atlantic, sighting against the liberties of mankind, where he had many opportunities of extracting the salt-water tears of the brave, when in the sangs Vol. 1.

of knowledge in handling the trident. §

When the Dr. had stripped off the caul, and the boy (for so I must now call him) was well washed in vinegar, by his mother's desire, instead of brandy, the nurse tied his great toes together, to prevent, as she thought, his being straddle-sooted; but this rendered him afterwards pigeon-toed, which all the art of his dancing-master

of his fellow-foldiers. He must consequently know a great deal about salt water.

H-W-:

f There is no occasion for the first L—d of the adm-r-lty knowing the log-line from the lead-line of a ship; or the truncheon from the trident; so long as I, who have sailed to where the freezing words dropped out of my mouth in iscles, am at the board. D—mn me, if I do not remember of sailing, one night, so near the pole, that the ship ran foul of it!

M-LGR-V-

mafter could not cure. | He was then fwathed in a piece of fwanskin, which had been part of an under petticoat that Mrs. Bull used to wear, when she took it into her noddle to defile her husband's bed.

As the Spartans laid their new-born children upon shields, from a super-stitious idea, that such a position would insure their suture valour; so, young Hocus being intended for a deputy, his head was replaced K 2 in

I It is wonderful how any allusion could be made to me in such a book as this; but I must acknowledge that I had the honour of giving lessons to Mr. W-ll--am P-tt and his brother I-m-s. W-ll-m certainly turned in his toes, like a shoe-maker, in defiance of all I could urge; but his brother I-m-s moved very gracefully. This was the same I-m-s P-tt whom L-d R-dn-y promoted to the rank of post captain, in the West Indies; which generous act, I have heard that his brother, L-d Ch-th-m, has lately repaid by a breach of his word, in not promoting his L-sh-p's son to a ship, because the noble L-d voted that the Pr-nc- of W-l-s, during the incapacity of his father, ought to be more powerful than P-tt, and greater than the Great Seal.

A. W-LLS:

in the caul, and he was laid upon the memoirs of Richlieu and Mazerine.

The boy, it was observed, when he saw the light, did not behave as other children do, by lamenting the visible certainty of his existence. On the contrary, he looked up with a sort of considence at the nurse, and his first contortion was a smile, seemingly approaching to a sneer, as he opened not his mouth but his nottrils. Miss Phenomene, who had then entered the room, observed upon this, that, like an alligator, he would soon enough open his mouth to the terror of man, by swallowing every thing that came in his way.

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## CHAP. XXIV.

Of young Hocus's Diet.

IIIS childhood was marked with many fingularities that are hardly to be believed, were they not very well attested. He was not a month old, when he could give figns for every thing he wanted. Having but a weakly habit, and very unaccountably disliking the breast, he was ordered asses milk by the Dr. of which he grew so fond, that it was not thought proper, for many years, to wean him from it.

As he could walk in less than a twelvementh, his dry-nurse used to take him to the valley where his wetnurse boarded and lodged; and the poor creature knew the child so well, K 3 and

and shewed such a partiallity for him, that she would leave a thistle half eaten, then come galloping and braying, and lie down by his side. Without fear, Master Hocus would seize the bubby of his foster mother, and suck with great eagerness.

Whether or not this ass was as good an orator as Balaam's, is not now afcertained; but certainly fhe was very peculiar in her tones. She not only vociferated the be! bo! with vast rapidity, and a clear articulation, though somewhat nasal, but her powers of voice were strong and impressive. It is conjectured by the learned, that the first rudiments of intonation which Master Hocus received, was from that long-eared lady; and, allowing for the difference of organization between an ass and a man, if we weigh the pompous and grave monotony of young Hocus, with the folemn founds which he is faid to have admired in his foster-mother, there is some room for

for such a conjecture; nor should this incident be treated lightly by the censorious.

If he was suckled by an ass, were not Romulus and Rhemus suckled by a wolf? As the milk of the wolf made these youths valiant, so the milk of the ass has, no doubt, made our hero wise and eloquent.

Besides asses milk, Master Hocus shewed an early predilection for every thing that was sour. He would prefer a crab-apple to an apricot, and verjuice to tokay. \*

His nurse taking him, one day when she went to see a relation of hers, an oil-man in the strand, the boy almost killed

H., D-ND-S.

<sup>\*</sup> This is a most daumnable lee, as Bully Putt is very fond of B---f-y's homebrewed Hungarian tokay, and will stand to the claret bottle; if he will stand to neething else, as well as I can do, provided you are always praising HIS GENERAL EXCISE PLAN.

killed himself, before she left the shop. He devoured pickled cabbage and cucumbers, like any starved taylor; and few jars in the shop escaped his fingers.

Besides acids, he was very fond of froth, and the only way in which he could drink wine in his childhood, was in a whipt syllabub; ice creams too, because they were cool, and frothed at top, he delighted in; and was so far an Irishman, that he doated on buttermilk and slummery, which was his chief food, if we except pease-pudding, which was indeed his standing dish.

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# CHAP. XXV.

Of the early knowledge of young Hocus.

He was foon noted for a certain species of sagacity, which is vulgarly called cunning. He was not three years old, when he swallowed a ring of his mother's, that his nurse might be blamed and turned off, because she would not allow him to feast upon a pot of pickled barberries.\* It is certain that he knew the alphabet long before he could speak, as he could actually point out the letters of his name, before he was eleven months old. For this early skill in literature, he

<sup>\*</sup> I remember very well the flory of the pickled barberries; but as to his fwallowing a ring, it is a most gross falshood, as vile an untruth, as the report that was spread abroad, when my child was made speaker, that he came into the world with a tye-wig on!

H. ADD-NGT-N.

he was indebted to Dr. Maniac, who knowing his predilection for peafepudding, had all the alphabet printed on different cards, which being placed before the child, when hungry, the Dr. would put a tea-spoonful of the pudding, mixed with vinegar, on H, and then afk the child the first letter of his name; Hocus would eagerly point to the pudding, which having fwallowed, another bit was put on O, the fecond letter called for, and fo on through the other three. He was foon fo expert at picking out the five letters of his name, even without the lure of the peafe pudding, that he was accounted, and juftly too, a prodigy for his age. manage, balled be man

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### CHAP. XXVI.

Of his early and wonderful Oratory.

E no sooner began to prattle, than he was taught to read, which he could do to admiration at two years old. In two years more he had read Tom Thumb, Jack the Giant Killer, and several other histories of great men; and, before he was twelve, he had made confiderable proficiency in the classics, as well as in Valentine and Orson, and the seven champions of Christendom. But his greatest delight was in hearing himself talk: And so fond was he of circumlocution, that a fentence of ten words he could extend to an hundred, without being guilty of tacking the smallest part of a new idea to it. He fearched the Dictionary for words of great length, pompous found, and little

little meaning, fuch as notwithstanding, peradventure, &c. and when these failed, he supplied their places with adverbial compounds, as, in regard to that, any how or other, thereafter as it may be, and other phrases equally verbose.

Here and there, it is true, he would featter a word of fignificance as well as found, in order to bind his language together, as bricklayers mix hair with their lime: Of this kind, the words were the longest that could be found, and commonly would terminate in tion, such as annihilation, anticipation, conglomeration, &c.

He was partial to no dramatic piece but one, which he always carried in his pocket. It was not more on account of the sublimity of its stile, that he admired it, than the wonderful length of its title, which was Chrononhotonthologos.\* He often lamented W

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<sup>\*</sup> This is a most egregious lie. He is well known

mented the brevity of his own name, Hocus; and wished he had been christened after that mighty monarch, or rather after his chief staff officer, Aldiborontiphoscophornio, as his was longer, by four letters, than that of his Sovereign, the General's containing as great a number as there are in the whole alphabet.

By the time he was was fourteen years of age, he beat the famous Drury-lane penny barber, at the Robin-hood, out of the field of argument, by throwing monofyllables at him as thick as hail-stones; and, when the poor shaver begin to think for a reply, he would so stupify and blind him with smart volleys of pollysyllables, as long as one's arm, that, as the Hibernians phrase it, he generally bothered him all to nothing, in less than an hour. Vol. I. His

known to be particularly fond of Heautontimerumenos, written by Terence or Tacitus.

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P-L L- M-S-R-R

His first speech at coach-makers hall was a master-piece of the pathetic and the terrible. The subject was Mrs. Bull's quarrel with John's Western tenants, and an enquiry into Trusty's conduct in that affair. defended the deputy in fuch a manner as drew both the tears and the plaudits of his learned auditory, in abundance. A gentleman present, who analyzed his oration, has informed me, that the fecret springs, by which he touched their feelings at will, was by no means from any force of reasoning or glaring imagery, but from a choice selection of fine-sounding words, that affected them like foft music. To explain, continued the gentleman, when Hocus faid, " The Jaline distillations of a tear must here drop from each sad, soft, social, sympathetic soul, like the celestial dew!" he spoke the fentence in fuch a flow and grave monotonous manner, as fet all the hearers a weeping. But when he described the cruelties committed on both

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both sides, with these epithets, in his remarks on them, "That they were not homogeneous, but beterogeneous, multifarious, pestifarious,—an abomination by the creation of detestation, and merciles massacres multiplication," he made all the audience shudder and tremble, like willows in the wind, at his reslection, though not one of them were affected at his description t

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#### CHAP. XXVII.

Hocus becomes a Favorite with Mrs.
Bull.

Our hero, when he reached the age of manhood was employed by Mrs. Bull, and crept into great favour with John, by pretending to join Blunt, in the attempt of allowing him to choose a wife every three years, instead of being pestered with one for seven, \* to the great

\* The immaculate m-n-st-r, my namesake, most assured joined F-x, when he came into p-rl-m-nt, in the scheme for shortening its duration, by amputation: But he very properly betrayed his principles, when he became m-n-st-r, as he found that his plans could be no more made palatable, without the rotten boroughs, than a double Gloster cheese is reckoned palatable, without its being a little rotten at the core. As I am one of the members for the the city of Gl-c-st-r, I could not pay a better compliment to my constituents, and display my own talents, than to hoist

great injury of his affairs; for John always complained that his wives became so covetous and unruly the last four years of their lives, that they did as they pleased, in spite of his teeth.

Young

boist in a double Gloster cheese by way of simile to the British p-rl--m-nt. For is not this old p-rl--m-nt like a rotten double Gloster, (without any offence to a D-k-, as I mean only a cheefe,) more ways than one? In the first place, is it not double? In the second place, is it not rotten? In the third place, is there not yellow mould in it? I mean the tr--f-ry,—not to mention the yellow club .- And is there not a blue mould in it too? the blue and buff. In the fourth place, is it not full of maggets? And, fifthly and laftly, does not all its riches turn to mites? I mean, mites for the use of the members, some of whom cannot eyen be contented with these mites, but they must have large slices of it, forfooth, into the bargain! I have, myself, a magget for a flice, but I cannot obtain even a mite yet, as I was promised; therefore it is a very hard, dry, poor, double Gloster to me, as I despair of yellow mould enough from G--rg- R-f-, to make me ample reparation.

J. P-TT.

Young Hocus, at his entrance into Mrs. Bull's house concealed a great deal of crast, under the veils of meekness, modesty, and a seemingly strong love for John's real welfare. Slyboots, in taking him by the hand, considerably improved him, too, in the arts of polishing his insincerity with strong pretensions to morality; and in over-reaching his competitors, by undermining them.

To give any more traits of Hocus's character, in this place, would not be proper. It will be more pleafing to order, and agreeable to truth, to point them out and display them, as they arise in the events of his life, than to anticipate them here. The historian is sensible, that in this sketch of his hero's boyish years, he has past over in silence most of his prejudices and partialities. But they being of a private nature, such as a rooted aversion to the

the female sex, † a strong desire for all pussed pastries, as well as froths, a strange inclination to blow up, besides himself, frogs, toads, and bluebottles with straw, and many other peculiar propensities, it is better that they should escape unnoticed, unless any of them shall be found afterwards to be connected with his public conduct, among which his attempting to cuckold John Bull will appear very conspicuous in due time and place.

Hocus, therefore, having in vain endeavoured to overcome, at that time, the chaftity of Mrs. Bull, when Dr. Slyboots had been difcharged by her; our hero, after he

† D-nd-s fays, that his aversion to semales is not rooted: It may be so; but if even it were rooted, I am positive, there would then be an end to his aversion.

L-DY W-LL-C-.

he had tempted her for forty days, without effect, was obliged to leave her to her favorites of the day, Trusty and Blunt, who appointed Fault-less, as is mentioned before, to be her physician and the steward's deputy.

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## C. H. A. P. XXVIII.

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A Word or two about Faultless.

MONG all John's tenants, Faultless was, perhaps, the most unexceptionable. To a complete knowledge of farming and figures, he united great diffidence, and such easy unaffected manners, untinctured with spleen, haughtiness, or passion, as made his company very agreeable to every one. He had a very nice sense of his duty to the well-meaning steward: It was fubservient, however, to his extreme love for John, which was so pure, steady, and strong, that no turbulent moments could render it violent, nor no accidental fluctuations diminish it. Faultless was, besides, so very prone, on all occasions, to soften the asperity of jarring talents; he took fuch a pleasure in the collecting, and in the combining combining of various virtues; so loth was he to divide men; so eager was he in reconciling them, for their own welfare, and the interest of John, that, by his persuasive sweetness of temper, he seemed born to keep worth and ability in the social links of private friendship and public virtue.

No wonder, then, that Trusty and Blunt recommended Faultless to be deputy; for his whole portrait was so masterly, that his opponents, when they attempted to detract from its merit, were obliged to confess its goodness; and they could only enviously add, that the tints were weak, because nature had not drawn it in strong deep lineaments of an etching, but had admirably finished it with the delicacy of a crayon.

## CHAP. XXIX.

Earwig frightens the Steward.

much chagrined at being forced by Mrs. Bull, to employ Faultless, Blunt, Trusty, and their affistants, as his deputy and clerks. In his early days, it was a blemish in his education, taught him by his mother, and fack-booto, \* Earwig's old master, to prefer deputies of the spaniel kind to those of the mastiff.

Unless

C-MD-N.

<sup>\*</sup> This must be J-hn E-rl of B-t-, who was formerly, when I was a patriot, governor of the subterraneous passage, keeper of the dark lanthorn, usher of the back-stairs, nocturnal steward of the closet, purveyor to the heart, yeoman of the mouth, and leader of the hand. If I were not in a hurry to finish the romance I am reading, (for now I am fond of nothing but romances,) I could say a great deal more.

Unless a man, they said, was so pliant, supple, and groveling, that he would, at command, open his eyes, or shut his eyes, sit up, lie down, (besides telling lyes,) turn and twist, and suffer himself to be trampled upon, kicked, and cuffed, the greater his abilities, the greater would be the danger, and the more would be his faults.

Now there was not in all this group one man gifted with fuch a lowly meek forbearance. Earwig, and his fecret cabal, therefore, knew, that if they now put maggots in the fleward's ear, the new-comers would be sharp enough to discover them, and stubborn enough to endeavour to pull them out, and shew them to Mrs. Bull and John. They therefore fet all tongues to work, to keep John's blood in a fret at Trufty and Blunt's reconciliation; and they kept instilling into the steward's brain a very irritating idea, that tortured greatly the good man, whose disposition was already much foured, Because

Because they could not now work upon him with the same safety and success as formerly, before Trusty found them out, they roundly told him, that a fet of fellows were forced in upon him, by Mrs. Bull's intrigues, who would not allow him to hop. step, or jump, but when they pleased, and as they pleased. These fellows. added they, will turn you all topfyturvy, and throw you out of the window, if you dare fay nay. They will tie your hands behind your back, and fasten you by the heels to them, besides padlocking your tongue, and pulling your wig over your eyes; so that you shall neither be able to walk, talk, Arike, for fee, yang of our saw of estdingly, as gardence directed him.

A great deal more of fuch stuff was faid to him, which, when Earwig perceived that it made a strong impression on his imagination, he followed it craftily up.i as after and and ash as action miles, author has hore thrown after great

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mon, at moch alloyedly endeatons to lating, and

## CHAP. XXX.

The ordeal of Hocus.

upon him, by Mrs. B.J.

then, was to turn his eyes around for a successor to them, who must be a tool that had some talents, without any pride; and audacity without shame. Dr. Slyboots, Earwig thought, was too unmanageable and stiff; Backstairs was too gummy and unwieldy; and, although he admired Hocus's vast suppleness, he was afraid that he was too slippery to hold. He accordingly, as prudence directed him, tried each separately, as Astley would a tumbler. \*

red that it made a ftrong room villan

<sup>\*</sup> By the ridiculous postures into which the acrimonious author has here thrown three great men, he most disloyally endeavours to satirize abject humility and blind obedience to the arbitrary will

Dr. Slyboots with ease put his feet upon his neck, like a taylor, and could crawl upon his belly like a toad, and croak petty well, too; but he was too stiff for many postures, although he could bend tolerably, and bear trampling upon without fqueaking.

Backstairs was next tried, whom Earwig found to be fo unwieldy, that he could do nothing, but crawl upon all-fours. However he discovered such a willingness to pliancy, and was so well pleafed when Earwig trampled upon him, besides, although heavy, his step was light, and his croak as fine as Garrick's stage-whisper used to be, that he was afterwards employed as bearer of the dark lantborn, and whifperer extraordinary from Earwig to the steward.

enting of or amound that a but old inter of During

ed at above, is gilted with much will of our most gracious S-v-r-gn, who is undoubtedly Heaven's viceroy; and is no more accountable for his actions to man, than I am, for ATH-L. and beed his eyes, if it was not real poison, sour as vinegar!" as it certainly was. Hocus having stuck to vinegar, as his beverage, in order to keep him lean and active for this hind, as he crawled about Lashro

But it was in the make twift, that he discovered the pliancy of his body the most, the appearing as if in every inch there was a ljoint, while he twisted up and down like an eel round a basket.

made him matter. " That he was a

Earwig then put a very large dried leaf to his mouth, which the tenants use in three different ways, and Hoeus destroyed it instantly, by the venom inaginal, that he had sugnostinite oHn bilening to thete freckled yellow-

I I gave my mafter and commander, the godlike pr-m-r, a very good reason why he should not exc-f- tobacco, which the fatirist here glances at, by the dried leaf; as it would raise it in price, and by that means drive the feamen to chew all the SPUN-YARN; perhaps even the very cahas

belied contry that converse about the

He afterwards took fome large sheep-skins, on which John, a former steward, had written an agreement with John Bull, in a large field near Staines. § Hocus's tongue not only pierced

bles they would convert into quids, to the great detriment of the navy, as G—rg-R-f-, who was once clerk on board a transport, must know. But my advice, like my election, was set aside!

The was then pinched by the note, rulled by the tongue, and kicked vio-

& This is a most invidious and cruel stab at our heaven-born m-n-st-r. Magna Charta he adores. But as the scripture says, He that spareth the rod, hateth the child, why should he not scourge it with the Exc-s-rod which he has in pickle for it? If he would take my advice by Heavens, for I am not a Quaker now, I would reduce it, and the B-ll of R-ghts to ashes, swallow them in my vinegar, as Cleopatra did the pearl, (though she did not use my vinegar,) raise a mausoleum to them in my own breast, as Queen Artimesia did, when she gulped down her husband's ashes; make a new M-gn-Chart and Ball of Raghts, of my own, without judge or jury, and command an act to pass, to keep an annual bolyday for ever, in memory of the deed ! foot, and gave the fleward

nd?

pierced easily through them all, but they immediately turned black, crackled and curled up, as if a fire had destroyed them. This was so astonishing, that they all three came from their lurking places, to applaud Hocus, and they joined Earwig in setting up a solemn quartetto in his praise.

He was then pinched by the nofe. pulled by the tongue, and kicked violently in the breech, by them all, which he bore without making a wry Several other severe pinchings were made use of, particularly by the steward's wife, which he stood to admiration. Hoeus was then asked, if he could lie under the burden of them all four at once, which he did upon his back, in this manner: Earwig got upon his left hand, and the steward's wife, covered by a veil, on the right hand, whom Earwig supported with both his hands; Grumblegrowl took the left foot, and gave the steward the

the right foot, whom he firmly supported, at the same time swearing in a low key, "That it was d—tion rascally in giving the steward only one of the feet to stand upon, he should have stood on the right hand, G—d b—st me, if he should not." These were Grumblegrowl's precise words, which, although course, ought to be recorded in a history that professes nothing but truth.

They were all supported by Hocus with considerable steadiness, for some time, particularly the steward's wife, who, by reason of her veil, could not be seen, but seemed firm as a rock. The steward, however, soon tottered much, and Grumblegrowl too; nay Earwig once fell off, although the lady remained firm all the time, owing, as 'tis thought, to the particular attention paid her by our hero, but it was certainly a violation of his nature to support or be supported by a female.

In their endeavour, however, to get down from the elevation in which Hocus held them, Grumblegrowl tumbled upon the belly of Hocus, which brought the steward souse upon him; this disconcerted our young hero so much, that both Earwig and the steward's wife, after tottering a little, fell too, -fhe fell upon the top of all; Grumblegrowl roared most vociferously, " G-d b-ft ye," the steward cried "G-d help us," Earwig bawled out he was fmothered, while the sharp-fighted female cooly exclaimed, "There was no danger, as she was UPPERMOST, she would take care of them all!

The extraordinary weight which fell plump upon one part of Hocus, forced the peafe-pudding, which he had swallowed that day, to operate in a manner not altogether the most agreeable: It had such a sudden effect on the olfactory nerves of Grumblegrowl, that he threw off his burthen in a moment,

moment, as easily as a dray-horse would throw an infant; and, after bl-ing his eyes, if his nose had ever come in contact with fuch perfumes before, he took the steward up in his arms, and ran out of the room, leaving the lady and Earwig to. shift for themselves, to whom Hocus made an apology of feven hours for the accident, in words of ten fyllables, - and to the matter ended.

a congratulatory letter . or the creams a fion. This caused Mangachail to chall much, as it was all her doing, and John was takkered by Sir Roger into

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## CHAP. XXXI.

Of the Beginning of Faultless's De-

ing this last and participated the first

AULTLESS and his friends entered upon their duty with a zeal and alacrity that pleased Mrs. Bull, and was even agreeable to John himself. Sir Roger Bold wrote John a congratulatory letter on the occafion. This caused Mrs. Bull to exult much, as it was all her doing, and John was flattered by Sir Roger into a compliance with her humours, though, as the earwigs were always meeting him, as if by accident, at taverns and ale-houses, and setting him against Trusty and Blunt; in his cups, he would now and then grumble at the reconciliation, but he would always add, that he must be in the wrong, as Sir Roger thought it was for

for his good, and the knight understood trap much better than he did.

John had a very rich manor called Elephant-park, which he had let upon lease to some wealthy farmers, whose overseers had many years been taking off every fixture, and harrassing the poor tenants, to the great injury of John's character, as well as his fortune. The farmers, so far from turning off these overseers, or being any wise angry at them, used to run snacks in the booty. \* Several regulations had

\* All this invective about Elephant-park, is clearly respecting Ind--. The writer hints too, at least gives us to understand, that, in the next volume, he will go greatly into Ind-- affairs, confequently my master, and I, his faithful squire, will probably be handled. But, as Sancho says, "Let every man take care how he writes or talks of other men, and not set down, at random, higgledy pickeldy, whatever comes into his noddle;" for, if he says any thing ill of me, I'll ring him such a peal in the papers! and if the paper-mills do but supply me fast enough, I'll drive him sensels in a month, by my pamphlets, Vol. I.

had Mrs. made to prevent, or at least, punish them, but all to no purpose; like lottery insurers, they always found a loop-hole to creep out at.

Trusty, Blunt, and Faultless, however, laid their heads together, in order
to prevent such disorders in suture;
and their scheme, at first, was not
only pleasing to John, who hates all
villainy, but the steward likewise appeared so fond of it, that he recommended it very warmly to Mrs. Bull,
when she came to town for the winter. \*

Earwig,

and prevent him from ever scribbling again, if he dare but be hardy enough to read them all with patience, through and through.

J. SC-TT.

C-v-nd-sh-sq--r-, F-ttyg-r.

† The m-n-stry of that day certainly communicated their plan, of new-modelling the Indgovernment, to a great personage, who not only approved of it in private, but recommended it strongly in his speech to p-rl-m-nt. The mornEarwig, when he heard the particulars of the Elephant-park plan, rejoiced much, as he foresaw something in

ing on which I fecretly was informed of the conspiracy against the WHIGS, which was some days before it was ripe, I met with a very ludicrous incident. A tenant's daughter of mine, who was at a boarding-school at K-nsingt-n, was ordered by her mother to wait on me, about some papers, respecting the renewal of her lease. The miftress of the school, is seems, learning that her charge, (who was very pretty, but very rusticated,) was to wait on a D-k-, instructed her how to behave to me, and adding, among other particulars, when I approached her, " You must fay nothing but your Gr-e-, child." I was at breakfast, by myself, conning over the Ind -- news I had just heard, when this girl was introduced. But I had no fooner told her to fit down on the fopha opposite me, than she fell on her knees, and ejaculated in a very sweet tone, " For what I am about to receive, the LORD make me truly thankful. I was thunderstruck, until an explanation took place; which was, that she had conceived the mode of addressing a D-k-, to be by faying her grace before meat! I never laughed so heartily in my life, as at the joke; and, after detaining the girl for half an hour, over fome chocolate, the took her leave, in great confusion.

GR-FT-N.

in it, which, if properly handled, might frighten John out of his wits, as well as the steward. The only thing wanting to assist him in his manœuvres, was the affections of Mrs. Bull. Earwig, however, did not despair of seducing her, she not being over chaste, as it is well known she had been seduced more than once before.

It happened that Ratcatch, who was pimp to the steward, was still attached to Trusty. The first thing, therefore, that Earwig did, was to prevail on the steward to gain him over, which was soon accomplished. Ratcatch, in a long conversation with Earwig, about debauching Mrs. Bull, explained to him, that nothing was more easy, as she was a lewd woman, and very prone to change.

As Hocus was a young man who had never known woman, Ratcatch thought that she would not be against yielding

yielding up her person to him, as in that case, it would be only bartering virtue for virtue.

He begged of Earwig, while he instructed Hocus in his courtship, that, as she was a meer Danae to the steward, he would ply her again in the character of Jupiter; which was done accordingly, as shall be seen in the next volume, as well as the mode in which Hocus got at length to her bed; and when in the very moment he swore to her that he would prove his manhood—He did prove his manhood—but it was, by stabbing her, with a—poinard to the heart!

These events, and many more very interesting ones, besides the steward's sickness, and his sons treatment by our hero, shall be found recorded in the ensuing volume, with great truth and minuteness, and in a manner, too, that shall challenge all contradiction.

END OF VOL. I.

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